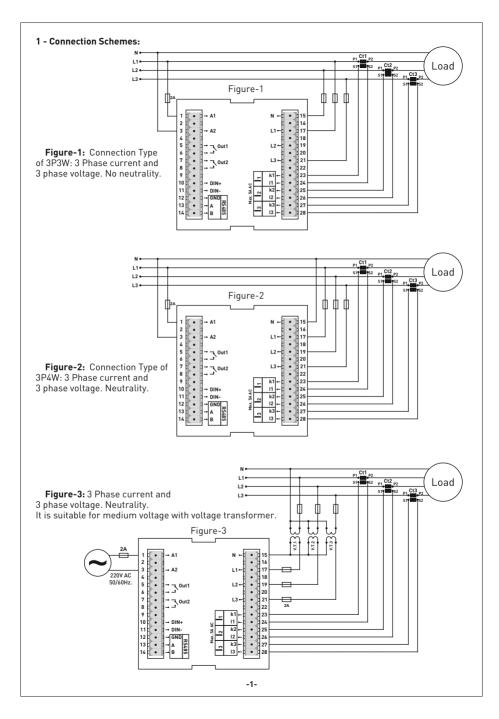


TPM-05 USER MANUAL



- * Measures up to voltage harmonics 55th (L-N and L-L).
- * Measures up to current harmonics 55th.
- * 3P3W supports 3P4W connections.
- * RS485 Modbus RTU.
- * 71.5 x 61.5 Custom Design Glass LCD.
- * It shows the powers of each phase and total active (P1, P2, P3, P Σ).
- ★ It shows the powers of each phase and total reactive (Q1, Q2, Q3, QΣ inductive or capacitive).
- ★ It shows the powers of each phase and total apparent (S1, S2, S3, SΣ).
- * It shows power factors (PF) and $\cos \Sigma$ values of each phases.
- It shows the minimum, maximum and average values of the phase-to-phase and Phase-neutral voltages (V)
- * It shows the values of each phase and total current (I1, I2, I3, I Σ).
- ★ It shows total import and export active (∑kWh) energy.
- ★ It shows total inductive and capacitive reactive (∑kVArh) energy.
- * 2 relay outputs (adjustable), 1 Digital Input
- * Event logs (high voltage, low voltage, power interruption, voltage irregularity, high current, current irregularity, THDV and THDI limits).
- * The date and time can be set.
- ★ Real time clock.
- * It shows demands.
- * You can delete energies, demand, and event logs.
- * The menu is password protected.



2 - Matters to be considered in current transformer selection and connection

- Note that the value of current transformer is higher than the maximum current drawn from the system.
- It is advisible that the class of the current transformer (it can be written class, klas, cl, kl)is 0.5.
- To avoid the complexity when connecting the current transformer output terminal use different colour cables or give cable numbers.
- Please spread the cables which are connected to current transformer output terminal from remote high voltage lines.
- Please fix current transformers to bara, cable or rail to avoid rattling .

3 - Warnings:

- Please use the device properly according to our directions.
- Please protect LCD screen from sun light
- Please take 5cm space behind the device after the device installation
- Please fix the device front cover panel with the apparatus that comes with it
- Please not use device in the damp board
- Please add a key or circuit breaker to assembly
- Please keep key or circuit breaker close the device or in an easily accessible location by the operator
- There should be no electricity in the connection cables when assembling device
- There should be used shielded or twisted cord cable at the non-network-connected input and output lines. These cables should not be passed near the high power lines and the device.
- Assembling and electrical connections must be done by technical staff according to instruction manuel.
- The feed cables should be suitable for IEC 60227 or IEC 60245 requirements.

4 - Device Maintenance:

Turn off energy of the device and disconnect from connections. Clean the device body by using slightly moist or dry cloth. Do not use conductor or other chemical as a cleaning agent matter which is harmful to device. Make connections after the cleaning of device and give energy to device and make sure that device works properly.

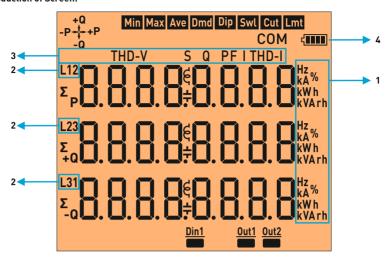
5 - General:

Tpm-05 Energy analyzer measures load or voltage, current, $\cos \phi$, active power, reactive power , minimum and maximum values of the load and also measures demands. It records the events. This analyzer measures current harmonics and voltage harmonics up to 55. harmonics.

6 - First Operation of the Device:

Please read the warnings before powering the device. Make connections of the device according to the connection scheme. When the device is first powered up figure-4 displayed on the screen. Firstly enter the current transformer ratio from the settings menu and if the voltage transformer medium voltage is being measured), enter the voltage transformer ratios.

7- Introduction of Screen:



- 1 Indicates the unit of the value.
- 2 Indicates which phase the value belongs to .
- 3 Indicates displayed values. V- voltage, I-current, F-frequency, S-apparent power, P- active power,
- PF- power factor, THD-I- total current harmonics, THD-V- total voltage harmonics, Q-reactive power. 4 - Indicates battery level of clock time. Din1: There is voltage(1) →+P Specified that the indicated active energies are imported. Din1 -P← Specified that the indicated active energies are exported. Din1: There is no voltage(0) Specified that the indicated reactive energies are inductive. Out1 Out1: Relay 1 is pulled Specified that the indicated reactive energies are capacitive. (short circuit) Out1 Out1: Relay 1 is released Specified that the indicated reactive energies are inductive. (open circuit) Specified that the indicated reactive power are capacitive. Out2 Out2: Relay 2 is pulled **COM** Indicates that communication is done. (short circuit) Out2: Relay 2 is released Min Indicates that the values shown are minimum. (open circuit) Indicates that the values shown are maximum. Max Total active energy Ave Indicates that the values shown are average. Dmd Indicates that the values shown are demand. Total inductive reactive energy Indicates that the values shown are below 10%. Indicates that the values shown are over 10%. Total capacitive reactive energy Indicates that the values shown are below 40%. Indicates that the values shown are over 80% in current and over 20% in harmonics. Lmt

8- Introduction of Buttons:



Press this button while in menu to exit the menu without saving the values.

When this key is pressed while not in the menu, the screen always shows figure-4.



SET: This button enters menu/parameter. It records the changes of parameters and remove from

parameter.



DOWN: This button enables to fast progress between the values that are measured out of menu.



This button allows to progress by displaying the measured values outside the menu together RIGHT: with the details. It allows navigation between parameters when pressed in menu.

In the parameter, it allows to transition between steps and parameters.

9 - Progress On Screen Information:

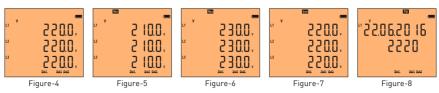


Figure-4: Indicates phase-neutral voltage. When you press right button, the figure-5 appears on the screen. **Figure-5:** Indicates minimum(Min) voltage values of phase-neutral voltage. When you press right button, the figure-6 appears on the screen.

Figure-6: Indicates maximum(Max) voltage values of phase-neutral voltage. When you press right button, the figure-7 appears on the screen.

Figure-7: Indicates average(Ave) voltage values of phase-neutral voltage. When you press right button, the figure-7 appears on the screen

Figure-8: Illustrates the date and time, in which phase-neutral voltage goes under 90% (<Vtr x 230×0.9) of the nominal voltage values (lowest). When you press the right button, values belong to L2 and L3 phases appear on the screen respectively. When you press right button, the figure-9 appears on the screen.

Figure-9: Illustrates the date and time, in which phase-neutral voltage goes above 110% (<Vtr x 230 x 1.1) of the nominal voltage values (swl). When you press the right button, values belong to L2 and L3 phases appear on the screen respectively. When you press right button, the figure-10 appears on the screen.

When you press right button, the figure-11 appears on the screen.

right button, the figure-10 appears on the screen.

Figure-10: Illustrates the recorded date and time, in which phase-neutral voltage goes under 40% (<Vtr x 230 x 0.4) of the nominal voltage values (cut), and a blackout occurs. When you press the right button, values belong to L2 and L3 phases appear on the screen respectively.

"2^{*}4.06.20 16 1330



-9 Figure-10

13 3800, 12 3100, 12 3900, 12 38000, 12 38000, 12 38000, 12 38000, 12 38000, 12 38000, 12 38000, 12 38000, 12 38000, 12

Figure-11: Shows the phase-phase voltage values. When you press right button, the figure-12 appears on the screen Figure-12: Shows the minimum(Min) values of the phase-phase voltage. When you press right button, the figure-13 appears on the screen.

Figure-13: Shows the maximum(Max) values of the phase-phase voltage. When you press right button, the figure-14 appears on the screen.

Figure-14: Shows the average(Ave) values of the phase-phase voltage. When you press right button, the figure-15 appears on the screen.

Figure-15: Illustrates the date and time, in which phase-phase voltage goes under 90% (<Vtr x 230 x 0.9) of the nominal voltage values (lowest). When you press the right button, values belong to L23 and L31 phases appear on the screen respectively. When you press right button, the figure-16 appears on the screen.

Figure-16: Illustrates the date and time, in which phase-phase voltage goes above 110% (
VIT x 230 x 1.1) of the nominal voltage values (swl). When you press the right button, values belong to L23 and L31 phases appear on the screen respectively. When you press right button, the figure-17 appears on the screen.

1330 en.

12 | 10320 16 18 13

Figure-17: Illustrates the recorded date and time, in which phase-phase voltage goes under 40% (as a default) (<Vtr x 230 x 0.4) Figure-16 Figure

of the nominal voltage values (cut), and a blackout occurs. When you press the right button, values belong to L23 and L31 phases appear on the screen respectively. When you press right button, the figure-18 appears on the screen.

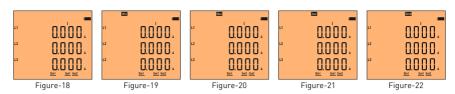


Figure-18: It shows current values of each phase. When you press the right key, figure-19 comes to the screen.

Figure-19: It shows the minimum (Min) current values of each phase. When you press the right key. figure-20 comes to the screen.

Figure-20: It shows the maximum (Max) current values of each phase. When you press the right key, Figure-21 comes to the screen.

Figure-21: It shows the average (Ave) current values of each phase. When you press the right key. Figure-22 comes to the screen.

Figure-22: It shows current demand (Dmd) values for each fuse. When you press the right key, Figure-23 comes to the screen.

Figure-23: It shows the time and date of demands which belongs to each phase. When you press the right key values which belongs to the L2 and L3 comes to the screen subsequently. When you press the right key, Figure-24 comes to the screen.

Figure-24: It shows the time and date which current limit

220620 16 25:20

Figure-23

220620 16 25:20

(>Ctr x 0.80) of each phase is exceeded. When you press the right key values which belongs to the L2 and L3 comes to the screen subsequently. When you press the right key, Figure-25 comes to the screen.

Figure-24

220620 16 55:50 Figure-25 Figure-26 Figure-27 Figure-28 Figure-29

Figure-25: It shows the active power (P) values for each zone. When you press the right button, the screen will show figure-26.

Figure-26: It shows the maximum active power (P) values for each zone. When you press the right key figure-27 comes to the screen.

Figure-27: It shows average[Ave] active power[P] value of each phase. When you press the right key. Figure-28 comes to the screen.

Figure-28: It shows the active power (P) demand (Dmd) values for each zone. When you press the right key, Figure-29 comes to the screen.

Figure-29: It shows the time and date of active power(P) demands of each phase. When you press the right key ,values which belongs to the L2 and L3 comes to the screen subsequently. When you press the right key, Figure-30 comes to the screen.

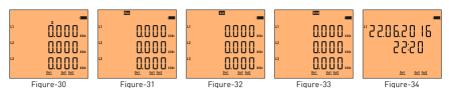


Figure-30: It shows the reactive power value(Q) which belongs to each phase. When the right button is pressed; Figure-31 comes to the screen.

Figure-31: It shows the maximum reactive power value(Max)which belongs to each phase. When the right button is pressed: Figure-32 comes to the screen.

Figure-32: It shows average(Ave) reactive power(Q) which belongs to each phase. When the right button is pressed: Figure-33 comes to the screen.

Figure-33: It shows the demand(Dmd) of reactive power(Q) which belongs to each phase. When the right button is pressed; Figure-34 comes to the screen.

Figure-34: It shows the dates and time values of the reactive power(Q)'s demand. When the right botton is pressed values of L2 and L3 phases comes to the screen subsequently. When the right button is pressed; Figure-35 comes to the screen.

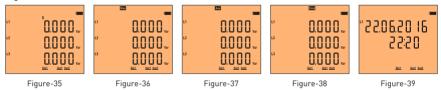


Figure-35: It shows apparent power (S)which belongs to each phase. When the right button is pressed; Figure-36 comes to the screen.

Figure-36: It shows maximum(Max) apparent power(S) value which belongs to each phase. When the right button is pressed; Figure-37 comes to the screen.

Figure-37: shows average(Ave) apparent power(S) which belongs to each phase. When the right button is pressed; Figure-38 comes to the screen.

Figure-38: It shows the demand(Dmd) of apparent power(S) which belongs to each phase. When the right button is pressed; Figure-39 comes to the screen.

Figure-39: It shows the dates and time values of the apparent power(S)'s demand. When the right button is pressed: Figure-40 comes to the screen.

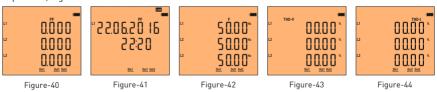


Figure-40: It shows the power factor value(PF)Which belong to each phase. When the right button is pressed; Figure-41 comes to the screen.

Figure-41: It shows time and dates of each phase when the power factor limit (<0.80) of each phase is lowered(Lmt). When the right button is pressed values of L2 and L3 phases comes to the screen subsequently. When the right button is pressed; Figure-42 comes to the screen.

Figure-42: It shows the frequency value of each phase. When the right button is pressed; Figure-43 comes to the screen.

Figure-43: It shows total harmonic distortion value(THD-V) which belongs to voltage of the phase. When the right button is pressed; Figure-44 comes to the screen.

Figure-44: It shows total harmonic distortion value(THD-I)which belongs to current of the phase. When the right button is pressed; Figure-45 comes to the screen.











Figure-45

Figure-46

Figure-47

Figure-48

Figure-49

Figure-45: It shows the date and time of each phase exceeding (>%20) THD-V limit. When you press the right button, the values of the L2 and L3 phases are displayed on the screen respectively. When the right button is pressed; Figure-46 comes to the screen.

Figure-46: It shows the date and time of each phase exceeding (>%20) THD-I limit. When you press the right button, the values of the L2 and L3 phases are displayed on the screen respectively. When the right button is pressed; Figure-47 comes to the screen.

Figure-47: Voltage harmonics values of up to 55th harmonics are displayed on each screen, with 3 values per screen. When you press the right button, the values of the L2 and L3 phases are displayed on the screen respectively. When the right button is pressed; Figure-48 comes to the screen.

Figure-48: Current harmonics values of up to 55th harmonics are displayed on each screen, with 3 values per screen. When you press the right button, the values of the L2 and L3 phases are displayed on the screen respectively. When the right button is pressed; Figure-49 comes to the screen.

Figure-49: It shows the import active, inductive reactive and capacitive reactive energy values which belongs to total of the phase. When the right button is pressed; Figure-50 comes to the screen.



Figure-50



Figure-51



Figure-5



Figure-53

Figure-50: It shows the value of import active energy which belongs to each phase. When the right button is pressed; Figure-51 comes to the screen.

Figure-51: It shows the value of export active energy which belongs to each phase. When the right button is pressed; Figure-52 comes to the screen.

Figure-52: It shows the value of inductive reactive energy which belongs to each phase. When the right button is pressed; Figure-53 comes to the screen.

Figure-53: It shows the value of capacitive reactive energy which belongs to each phase. When the right button is pressed; Figure-54 comes to the screen.



Figure-54



Figure-55



Figure-56



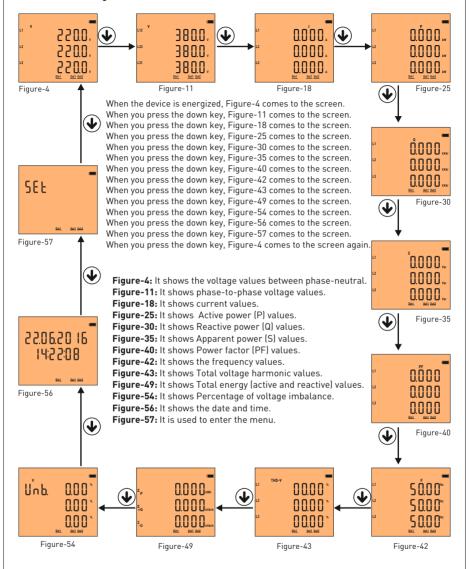
Figure-57

Figure-54: It shows the voltage irregularities of the phases with each other. When the right button is pressed; Figure-55 comes to the screen.

Figure-55: It shows the current irregularities of the phases with each other. When the right button is pressed; Figure-56 comes to the screen.

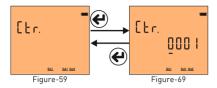
Figure-56: It shows the date and time. When the right button is pressed; Figure-57 comes to the screen. **Figure-57:** It is used to make settings related to the device. When you press the right button, Figure-4 comes to the screen.

10 - Fast Forwarding of Screen Information:



11 - Menu Structure: SEL PRSS H) Figure-58 Figure-57 Out2 SEt [he 111-6 Figure-68 Figure-59 Figure-60 When you press the set button while the figure-57 is on screen, figure-58 password inquiry is displayed on the screen. If a password has been created, enter the password and press the set key. Out I SEt If password is not created, when you press set key while -5-485 value is "0000", you can enter menu and Figure-59 comes to the screen. By pressing the right button in the menu, you can scroll Figure-67 through the parameters. Press the set key to set the Figure-61 parameters. Press the Esc key to exit the menu. Figure-59: It is used to enter the current transformer ratio. Figure-60: It is used to enter the voltage transformer ratio. Figure-61: It is used to make communication settings. Figure-62: It is used to delete Energy, Demand and Event **JELEFE F** 5FF records. Figure-63: It is used to set the password. Figure-64: It is used to determine the connection type. Figure-65: It is used to set the date. Figure-66: It is used to set the time. Figure-66 Figure-62 Figure-67: It is used to assign Relay 1. Figure-68: It is used to assign Relay 2. COn EYPE PRSS SEE d. SEE Figure-65 Figure-64 Figure-63 -10-

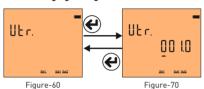
11.1 - Setting the Current Transformer Ratio:



To change the current transformer ratio, press the set button while the figure-58 is on the screen. Figure-69 comes to the screen. Press right button to move between digits. Press the down key to change the value of the digit You can change the digit value which is the underline. When you press the set button after entering the ratio, the current transformer ratio is recorded and the screen shows figure-59. You can scroll through the parameters

in the menu by pressing the right button or you can exit the menu by pressing the Esc key. **Example:** 100 / 5A current transformer ratio (multiplier value) is 20. The CTR value needs to be set to 0020.

11.2 - Changing Voltage Transformer Ratio:

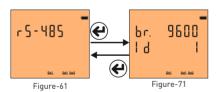


To change the voltage transformer ratio, press the set button while the figure-60 is on the screen. Figure-70 comes to the screen. Press right button to move between digits. Press the down key to change the value of the digit You can change the digit value which is the underline. When you press the set button after entering the ratio, the voltage transformer ratio is recorded and the screen shows figure-60. You can scroll through the parameters

in the menu by pressing the right button or you can exit the menu by pressing the Esc key.

Example: Medium voltage [M.V.] = Enter the ratio of the voltage transformer that converts 34.500V to 110V. The ratio [Multiplier] is calculated as 34,500 / 110 = 313,6 voltage transformer ratio. The VTR value must be set to 313.6.

11.3 - RS485 Remote Communication Settings



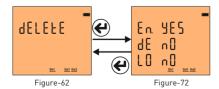
To change the RS-485 remote communication settings, press the set button while figure-61 is on the screen. Figure-71 comes to the screen. Two parameters can be set here. Baudrate (br -communication speed) and Modbus ID (Id - the number that identifies the device on the RS 485 line). Press the right button to move the point (.) to the parameter you want to set.

Then change the parameter value by pressing the down key. When you press the Set button, the changes that you made are saved and Figure-61 comes to the screen. You can scroll through the parameters in the menu by pressing the right button or you can exit the menu by pressing the Esc key.

Modbus ID (MBID) value; when more than one communication devices connect to a modem, Serial number or ModBus address must be different. In such cases, enter a different value from other devices.

Baudrate(br): 1200 - 115200 bps, ModBus ID(Id): 1 - 247 Stop bits: 1, Party: none.

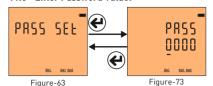
11.4 - Deleting Energy, Demand and Event Records:



To delete the records, press the set key while the screen is shown. Figure-71 comes to the screen. You can delete 3 records here. Energy (En), Demand (dE) and Event logs (LE). Press the right key to move the point (.) to the record which you want to delete. Then press the down key to change the value to "yes". The record value which you do not want to delete must remain in "no".

When you press the Set key, only records with the value "yes" will be deleted and the Figure-62 comes to the screen. You can scroll through the parameters in the menu by pressing the right button or you can exit the menu by pressing the Esc key.

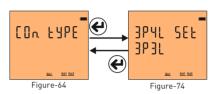
11.5 - Enter Password Value:



In order to change password; press set button while Figure-63 is on the screen. The Figure-73 comes to the screen. In order to pass through steps; press the button on the right. In order to change the value of the step press the "down" button. You can change the step value with underline. If you press the set key after entering the password, the password is saved and the screen comes in

figure-63. Pressing the right key ;you can pass through the parameters in the menu or pressing "Esc" key; you can quit the menu.

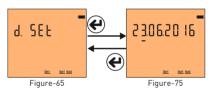
11.6 - Changing the Connection Type:



In order to change the connection type; press "Set" key while the Figure-64 is on the screen. Figure-74 comes to the screen. It supports two types of connection like 3P4L (3 phase current 3 phase voltage neutral)and 3P3L (3 Phase current 3 phase voltage without neutral). The link that says "Set" is acceptable. Press the right key to change the connection type. After the connection type

is selected, When you press the key, it is saved and the screen comes in figure-64. Pressing the right key; you can pass through the parameters in the menu or pressing "Esc" key; you can quit the menu.

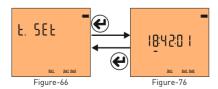
11.7 - Setting the Date:



In order to change the date, press the "Set" key while the Figure-65 is on the screen. The screen comes in figure-75. Underline is on the step which indicate the day. In order to change the day press the "Down" key. Then if you press the key on the right; underline comes down of the mouth step. Press the "Down" key in order to change the mouth. Then if you press the key on the right; the

underline comes down of the year step. Press the "Down" key in order to change the year. After the date is updated, when you press the "Set" key; it is recorded and Figure-65 comes to the screen. Pressing the right key; you can pass through the parameters in the menu or pressing "Esc" key; you can quit the menu. Date display is organized as day / month / year.

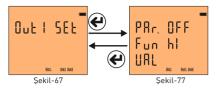
11.8 - Setting the Time:



In order to change the time; press the Set key while the figure-66 is on the screen. The Figure-76 comes to the screen; the underline is on the step which shows the clock. Press the" Down" key in order to change the clock. Then if you press the key on the right, the underline comes down the step of second. Press "down" key to change the second. After the clock, minute and second is

updated ,it is recorded when you press the "Set" key and figure-66 comes to the screen. Pressing the right key; you can pass through the parameters in the menu or pressing "Esc" key; you can quit the menu. Time display is organized as 24 hours.

11.9 - Task Assignment to Relay 1 and Relay 2:



To assign the task to relay 1, press the set key, when figure-77 is on the screen. There are 3 settings; these are Parameter (PAr), Function (Valued) and Value (VAL). Press the right key to move the point (.) to the parameter. Press the down key to bring up the desired parameter. Then press the right key to move the point (.) to the function. Press the down key to set the function to low or high set. Press the right key to move the point (.) value.

Press the down key to enter the desired value. Then when you press the set key, the task will be assigned to relay 1 and Figure-67 comes to screen. You can scroll through the parameters in the menu by pressing the right button or you can exit the menu by pressing the Esc key.

Parameters (PAr): Voltage (ULn), current (ILn), total current (ILt), total harmonic distortion belong to Voltage (thdV), total harmonic distortion belong to Current (thdI), power factor (PF), voltage Unbalance (U Un), current Unbalance (I Un), digital input (dI n) and off (OFF).

Function (Fun): Functions to be applied for parameters: if greater than value (hI) and smaller than value (LO).

Value(Val): The value to be set for the parameters.

Note1: The hysteresis value is fixed at 5%.

Note2: The task assignment of relay 2 is assigned in the same way as relay 1. While in menu for relay 2 assignment ,The enterance should be done from the figure-68.

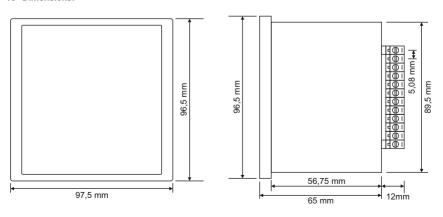
Note3: To use the digital input parameter, 9V-24DC energy should be applied from the enterance of input to the device. In these parameters if the relay is wanted to be pulled HI function; or if it is wanted to be pulled while the energy is not available LO function should be chosen. The change of the voltage at the data input should be minimum at one second(1Hz)

Example: When the voltage rises above 250V, switch on relay 1. Parameters (PAr)=ULn, function (fun)=hl and value (VAL)=250V should be set. After the relay 1 is set like that; if one of the voltage values rises above 250V; relay 1 pulls out(The contact leads become short-circuited) When the all values od voltage are below %5 of 250V; the relay is deactivated (contact leads become open circuit)

12 - Menu Values Table:

Parameter Number	Parameter	Unit	Factory Value	Minimum Value	Maximum Value
Ctr	Current Transformer Ratio	-	1	1	5000
Vtr	Voltage Transformer Ratio	-	1.0	0.1	999.9
br	Baudrate	bps	9600	1200	115200
-	Stop bits	-	1	-	-
-	Data bits	-	8	-	-
-	Parity	-	none	-	-
ld	ModBus ID	-	1	1	247
En	Deleting Total Energy	-	No	Yes	No
dE	Deleting Demand Values	-	No	Yes	No
L0	Deleting Event Records	-	No	Yes	No
PASS	Password	-	0	0	9999
Con Type	Connection Type	-	3P4L	3P4L	3P3L
Date Set	Date	-	-	2000	2100
Time Set	Hour	-	-	-	-
Par	Parametre	-	OFF	OFF, Uln, Iln, Ilt, thdU, thdI, PF, U Un, I Un, dI n	
Fun	Function	-	High	High	Low
	Uln (voltage)	Volt	vtr x 10	Yes Yes 0 374L 2000 - OFF, Uln, II thdl, PF, Ul t High vtr x 10 (ctrx10)/100 1 (ctrx3x10)/100 1 1 1 0.50 1 1 1 1 00 x 0,90 ve <vtr td="" x<=""><td>vtr x 500</td></vtr>	vtr x 500
	Iln (Current)	Amper	(ctrx10)/100		(ctrx500)/100
	Ilt (Total Current)	Amper	(ctrx3x10)/100	(ctrx3x10)/100	(ctrx3x500)/100
	thdU (Total Voltage Har.)	%	1	1	50
UAL	thdl (Total Current Har.)	%	1	1 0.1 1200	50
	PF (Power Factor)	%	0.50	0.50	0.99
	U Un (Voltage imbalance)	%	1	1	50
	I Un (Current Imbalance)	%	1	1	50
Dip	Low Voltage	%	<vtr 0,90="" 0,90<="" 230="" 400="" <vtr="" td="" ve="" x=""></vtr>		
Swl	High voltage	%	>Vtr x 230 x 1,10 ve >Vtr x 400 x 1,10		
Cut	No Voltage	%	<vtr 0,40="" 0,40<="" 230="" 400="" <vtr="" td="" ve="" x=""></vtr>		
Lmt I	Current Limit	%	>Ctr x 0.80		
Lmt Thd-V	Thd-V Limit	%	>1.20		
Lmt Thd-I	Thd-I Limit	%	>1.20		
Lmt PF	Power Factor Limit	%	<0.80		
dl n	Data Input Frequency	Hz.		>1Hz.	

13- Dimensions:



14 - Technical Specifications:

14 recilinear Speem	
Operating Voltage	85V - 300V AC
Operating Frequency	50 / 60 Hz
Operating Power	<10VA
Operating Temperature	-20°C55°C
Input Voltage	5V -330V AC
Voltage Measuring Range	1V - 600kV
Input Current	1mA - 5,5A
Current Measuring Range	1mA - 50.000A
Voltage, Current Accuracy	%±0,2
Active Accuracy	%±0,5
Reactive Accuracy	%±1
Supported Connection	3P3W, 3P4W
Current Transformer Ratio	15000
Voltage Transformer Ratio	1,04000
Harmonic Voltage	3 - 55
Harmonic Current	3 - 55
Real Time Clock	>5 year
Communication	RS485 MODBUS RTU
Display	71.5x61.5mm Glass LCD
Contact Output	2A / 250V AC (Resistive Load)
Dijital Input	9V - 24V DC
Weight	<300Gr.
Protection Class	IP40(Front Panel), IP00(Body)
Panel Hole Measurements	91mm x 91mm
Connection Type	Plug-in Terminal Connection
Cable Diameter	1.5mm²
Assembly	Assembly to panel front cover
Working Altitude	<2000meter

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