





Installation

DESCRIPTION



ALL IN ONE

- Inverter 3000w
- Battery charger 60A
- MPPT 80A

A pure sine wave inverter includes a configurable input voltage range through its LCD screen or its Wi-Fi module, in addition to being able to configure the battery charging current or the priority of the solar/AC charger. Includes a multiple protection system with automatic restart during AC recovery to optimize battery performance and includes a cold start function

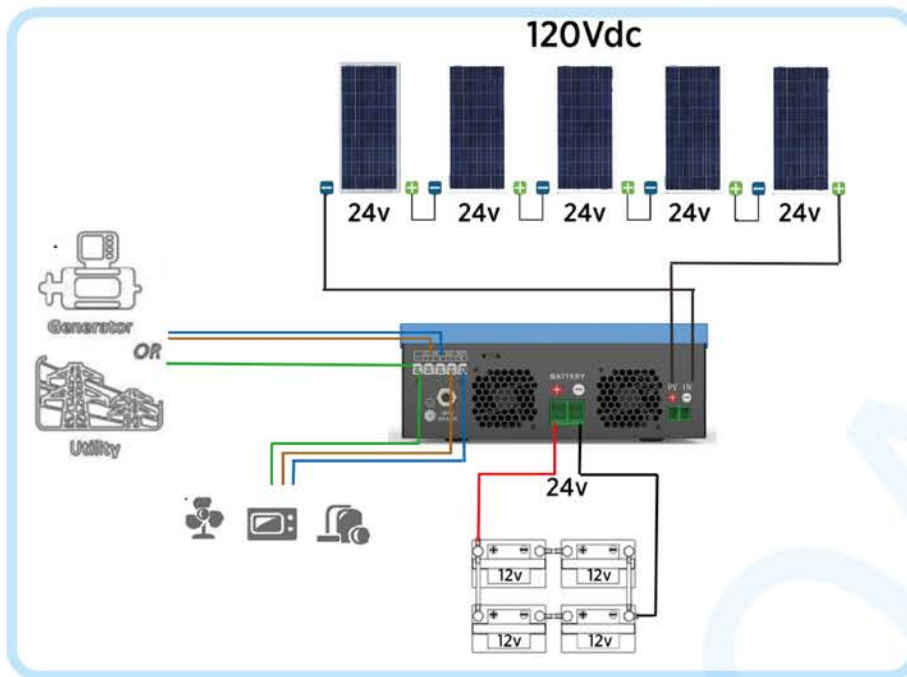
DIFFERENT MODES



- **Can I compensate my electric company for the excess energy generated?**

No, this is an off-grid inverter, it can only accumulate the excess energy generated by the solar panels in your batteries.

- **Can I install the hybrid inverter if I don't have the electricity grid?**
Yes, you just need to always have a battery connected.



This inverter has a voltage range of 55-450Vdc, i.e. if a voltage lower than 55Vdc is connected, the inverter will not detect your installation.

To calculate the number of panels needed in the installation, pay attention to the maximum supply voltage (V_{mp}).

For example:

$34.89(V_{mp}) \times 2 = 69.78Vdc$.

We recommend installing one more solar panel due to the voltage loss between the solar panels and the hybrid inverter.

ACCESSORIES INCLUDED IN THE BOX

- 1m x 25mm² positive
- 1m x 25mm² negative



All inverters are delivered with the button in OFF mode. Be sure to turn the inverter ON when you finish your installation, as at the moment the inverter detects PV load the LCD display will light up regardless of whether the button is in ON/OFF mode and may create confusion.



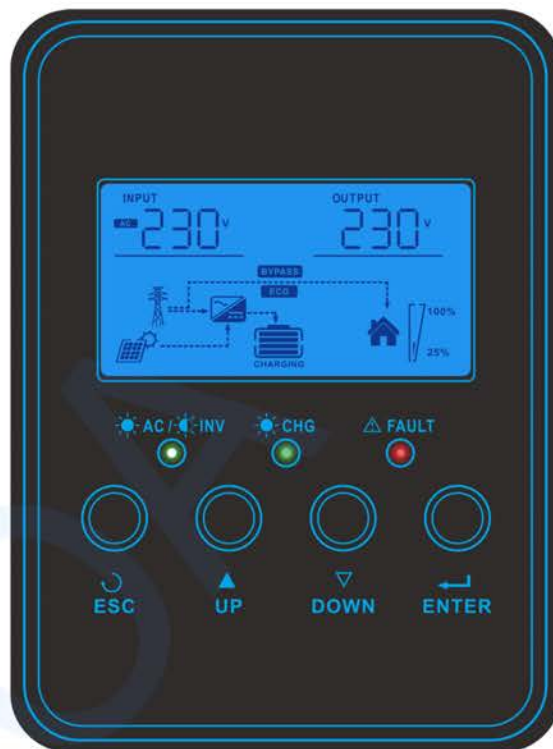
Description

LCD Screen

PROGRAMMABLE

Through the LCD screen, you can control and configure your hybrid inverter. You only have to choose the type of program you want according to the needs of your installation.

- When the icon is **on**, your devices are being powered by the network. If it is **flashing**, it is powered by the battery or solar panels (PV).
- When the icon is **on**, the battery is fully charged. If it is **flashing**, the battery is charging.
- When the icon is **red**, there is a fault. If it is **flashing**, the inverter is warning of a possible fault in the installation.



Input Source Information











| | |
|---------------|--|
| | Indicates the AC input |
| | Indicates the PV input |
| INPUTBATT | Indicate input voltage, input frequency, PV voltage, battery voltage, and charger current. |

Configuration Program and Fault Information

| | |
|--|---|
| | Indicates the setting programs. |
| | Indicates the warning and fault codes. Warning: flashing with warning code. Error: flashing with error code |

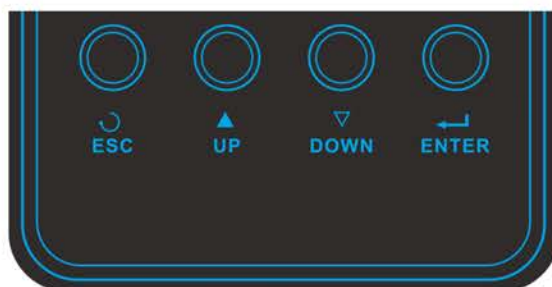
Battery information

| | |
|--|---|
| | Indicates battery level by 0-24%, 25-49%, 50-74%, and 75-100% in battery mode and charging status in line mode. |
|--|---|

| Load Information | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| OVER LOAD | | Indicates overload | | |
|  | Indicates the load level as below | | | |
| | 0%~25% | 25%~50% | 50%~75% | 75%~100% |
| |  |  |  |  |
| Mode Operation Information | | | | |
|  | Unit connected to the grid | | | |
|  | Unit connected to the PV panel. | | | |
| BYPASS | Load is supplied by utility power | | | |
|  | Utility charger circuit is working. | | | |
|  | DC/AC inverter circuit is working | | | |
| Mute Operation | | | | |
|  | Unit alarm is disabled | | | |

CONFIGURATION LCD

Press the ENTER button for 3 seconds to start the configuration. Then press the “UP” or “DOWN” button to select the configuration programs. To confirm the program press the “ENTER” button or the ESC button to exit.






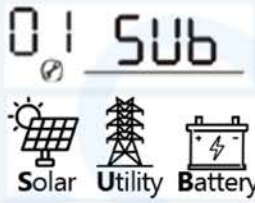
Configuration

- Choose the charging mode according to your installation















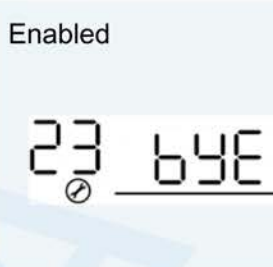






- Choose your battery charging mode according to your installation








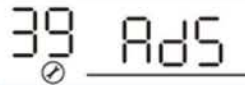


| Installation configuration | | | |
|----------------------------|---|--|--|
| 00 | Press ESC 3 seconds | To start the configuration | 00 ESC |
| 01 | Choose the output charging mode. Solar + Battery + Utility If the inverter is not connected to the grid, you should also choose this mode |  | Firstly, solar power will supply power to the load, if it is not enough, battery power will supply power to the loads. The grid will supply power when the battery voltage drops to a low level. |
| | Choose the output charging mode. Solar + Utility + Battery |  | Solar energy provides power to the loads as a priority. If solar energy is not sufficient to power all connected loads; utility energy will be supplemented. |
| 02 | Choose the type of charge that your solar panels will charge your battery. By default, 50A is selected, but if you need to charge your battery faster you can choose 80A. | 50A (Default) 02 50 ^A | 60A 02 60 ^A |
| | | 70A 02 70 ^A | 80A 02 80 ^A |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| 03 | The speed with which it cuts from Solar to Battery to Utility. We recommend choosing APL , only choose UPS when connecting devices that are very sensitive to interruptions. | 03 APL | It is 0.01 seconds, and there must be an input voltage between 90 and 280 VAC. |
| | | 03 UPS | It is less than 0.01 seconds, but you must ensure that there is an input voltage of 170 and 280 VAC. |
| 04 | Power saving mode | 04 SdS | Disabled mode, no matter the connected load the ON/OFF status of the inverter output will not be affected. |
| | | 04 SEN | In the activated mode, the inverter will shut down when it does not detect any connected load. |

| Installation configuration | | | |
|----------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 05 | Battery Type If you select the USE option you must define the voltage parameters in the following programs 26/27/29 | AGM 05 AGM | Gel or special batteries 05 USE |
| | | Flooded 05 FLD | LiFePo4 05 LIB |
| 06 | Auto restart when overload occurs | Disabled 06 LTD | Enabled 06 LFE |
| | | 06 LTD | 06 LFE |
| 07 | Auto restart when over temperature occurs | Disabled 07 LTD | Enabled 07 LFE |
| | | 07 LTD | 07 LFE |
| 08 | Output voltage | 08 230 ^v | Standard in Europe |
| 09 | Output frequency | 09 50 ^{Hz} | Standard in Europe |
| 11 | Choose the type of load that the grid will charge your battery. If you do not connect the inverter to the grid, this parameter has no effect. If you want to avoid the expense of charging the battery from the grid, choose the minimum. | 11 10A | 11 20A |
| | | 11 30A | 11 40A |
| | | 11 50A | 11 60A |
| 12 | Set your battery voltage so that the inverter switches to the utility grid. | 12 ^{BATT} 22.0 ^v | 12 ^{BATT} 22.5 ^v |
| 13 | Set the voltage that your battery must have in order for the battery to become the power source again. | 13 ^{BATT} FUL | 13 ^{BATT} 27.0 ^v |

| Installation configuration | | | |
|---|--|---|--|
| 16 | Charging mode priority | Solar first  | Solar energy will charge the battery first . The utility will charge the battery only when solar power is not available. |
| | | Solar energy and utilities  | Solar power and the utility will charge the battery at the same time . |
| | | Only Solar  | Solar energy will be the only supplying source of energy disregard utility is available or not |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none">• If the ECO mode option has been selected in program 07, the battery will only be charged by solar energy, regardless of the charging mode selected. | | | |
| 18 | Alarm control | Alarm enabled  | Alarm disabled  |
| 19 | Automatically return to the default display screen | Stay at the previous screen  | If selected, no matter how users change the display screen, it will automatically return to the default display screen (input voltage/output voltage) after no button is pressed for 1 minute. |
| | | Return to default display screen  | If selected, the display screen will remain on the previous screen that the user eventually switches to. |
| 20 | Lighting control | Light on  | Light off  |

| Installation configuration | | | |
|--|---|--|--|
| 22 | Beeps while primary source is interrupted | Enabled  | Disabled  |
| 23 | Overload bypass: When enabled, the unit will transfer to line mode if an overload occurs in battery mode | Disabled  | Enabled  |
| 25 | Record error code | Enabled  | Disabled  |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none">Continue with the configuration if in program 05 (Battery type) the option USE has been selected, otherwise press ESC. | | | |
| 26 | Charging voltage (CV Voltage) | Default setting: 28.2 V Check your battery information to configure  | |
| 27 | Floating charging voltage | Default setting: 27 V Check your battery information to configure  | |
| 29 | Low DC cut-off voltage | Default setting: 21 V Check your battery information to configure  | |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none">Continue with the configuration if you need to adjust the equalization of your battery, otherwise press ESC. | | | |
| 31 | When enabled, the solar input power will be automatically adjusted according to the connected loads. |  | The solar input power will be automatically adjusted according to the connected loads using the following formula: Max. solar input power = max. battery charging power + connected load power. |

| Installation configuration | | | |
|----------------------------|------------------------------------|--|---|
| 33 | Battery equalization |   | <p>This program is available if “FLD” or “USE” has been selected in program 05.</p> |
| 34 | Battery equalization voltage |  | <p>Default setting for 3.8 kW models: 29.2 V.</p> <p>The setting range is 24 v to 29.5 v. The increment of each click is 0.1 V.</p> |
| 35 | Battery equalization time |  | <p>60 minutes</p> <p>The setting range is from 5 min to 900 min. The increment of each click is 5 minutes.</p> |
| 36 | Battery equalization timeout |  | <p>120 minutes</p> <p>The setting range is from 5 min to 900 min. The increment of each click is 5 minutes.</p> |
| 37 | Equalization range |  | <p>30 days</p> <p>The configuration range is from 0 to 90 days. The increment of each click is 1 day</p> |
| 39 | Equalization activated immediately |   | <p>Enabled Disabled</p> <p>Only when the equalization function is enabled in program 33 , this program will be available. If “Enable” is selected in this program, it is to activate the battery equalization immediately and the main page of the LCD will show “ ”. If “Disable” is selected, it will cancel the equalization function until the next activated equalization time arrives according to the setting of program 35 . At this time, “ ” will not be displayed on the LCD main page.</p> |

LCD SCREEN

DESCRIPTION, POSSIBLE SCENARIOS

230Vdc INPUT

Input voltage PV solar panels, the range is 55-450Vdc

230v OUTPUT

Output voltage

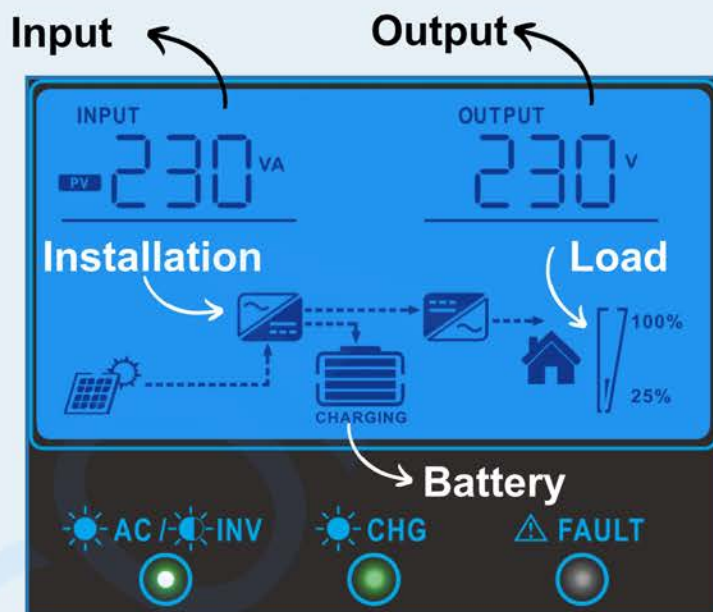
Description of the installation

According to the LCD display, the boards are charging their batteries and at the same time, they are powering the connected devices.

The **battery is fully charged** because all four cells are full.

25% of the load used

Percentage of charge being used by the devices, i.e. 75% more charge can still be connected.



Light Flashing

Solar energy is charging your devices

Steady light

Battery is charged

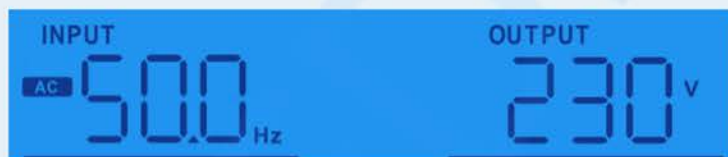
Light Off

There is no error.



DESCRIPTION OF THE LCD DISPLAY

Top part



Input frequency 50Hz

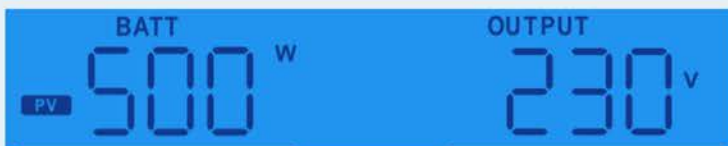
MPPT charging current



Load current $\geq 10A$



Load current $< 10A$



MPPT = 500W



DESCRIPTION OF THE LCD DISPLAY

Top part

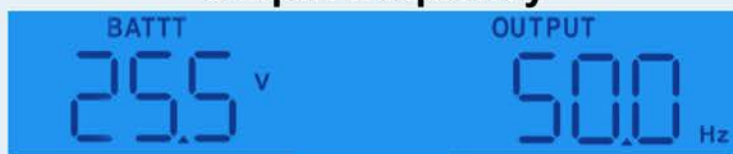
Battery voltage

DC discharge current



Battery voltage = 25.5 A,
discharging current = 1A

Output frequency



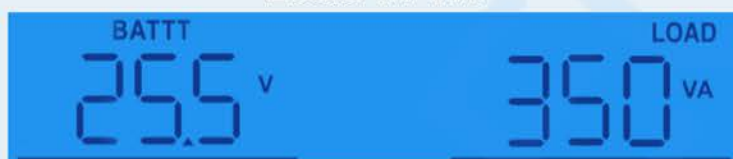
Output frequency = 50 Hz

Percentage of load

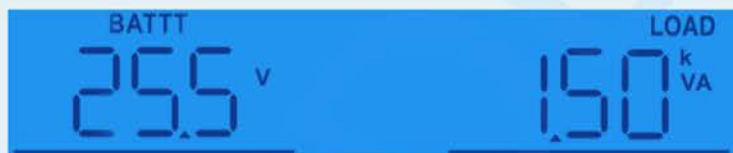


Percentage of load=70%.

Load in VA

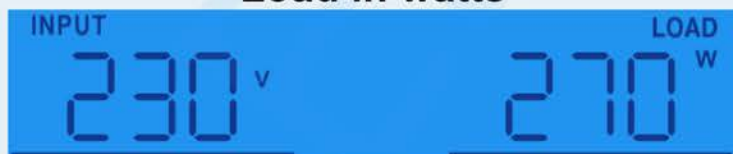


The connected load is less than
1 K VA.



The connected load is higher
than 1 K VA.

Load in watts



The connected load is less than 1
kW.



The connected load is higher
than 1 Kw



DESCRIPTION OF THE LCD DISPLAY

Bottom part

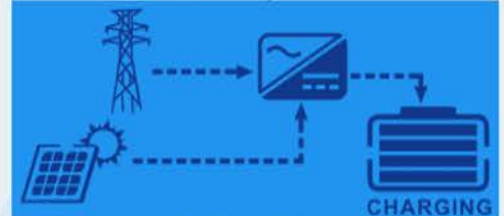
No load connected

Inverter is in standby mode / power saving mode

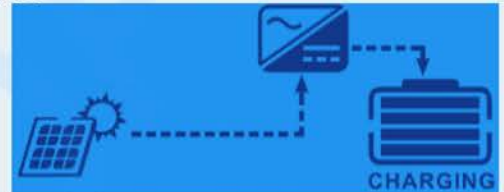
Standby mode: The inverter is not switched on (ON/OFF button), but as soon as the inverter detects solar panels and the battery is connected, the inverter will charge the batteries through the solar panels or the grid.

Power saving mode: This function has been activated and the inverter is not detecting load, it will turn on when the inverter detects the connected load again.

The batteries are being charged through solar panels and the electrical grid.



The batteries are being charged by the solar panels.



The batteries are being charged through the utility.



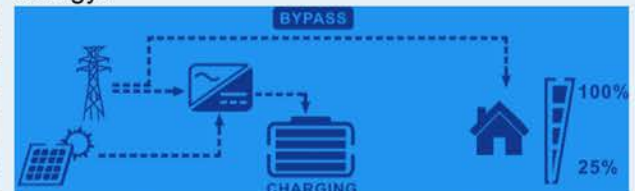
The batteries are not charging.



Line Mode

Charging the battery and connected devices via grid and photovoltaic energy.

Charging through the grid and photovoltaic energy.



Charging the battery and connected devices by the utility.

Charging by the utility





DESCRIPTION OF THE LCD DISPLAY

Bottom part

Battery Mode

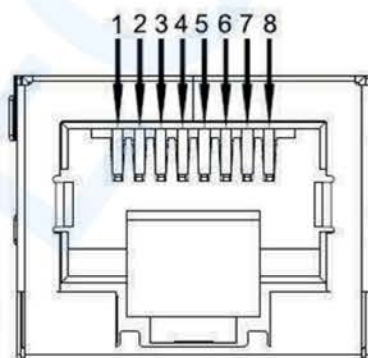
The inverter provides power to the battery through the solar panels, and also to the connected devices.

The battery is charging the connected devices.



BATTERY SETTINGS

| Pin number | Port definitions |
|------------|------------------|
| 1 | TX |
| 2 | RX |
| 3 | VCC |
| 4 | VCC |
| 5 | RS485A |
| 6 | RS485B |
| 7 | GND |
| 8 | GND |



Communication Port Pin DEFINITION



1

Long press the **ENTER** button to enter the setting and go to item 05 – lithium battery mode (as shown below)

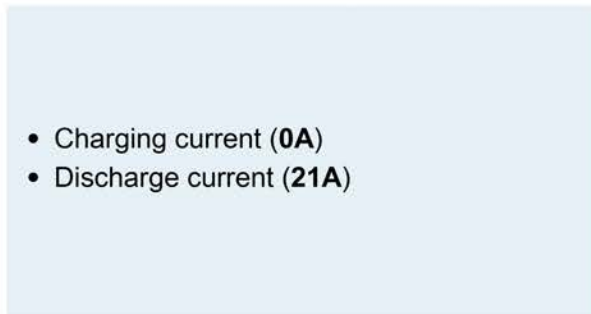
2

Long press the **ESC** button to enter the lithium battery interface (as shown below). The initial interface indicates battery voltage and battery level. Press the **DOWN** button to see more information.





- Battery voltage (50,5 V)
- Battery level (4%)



- Charging current (0A)
- Discharge current (21A)



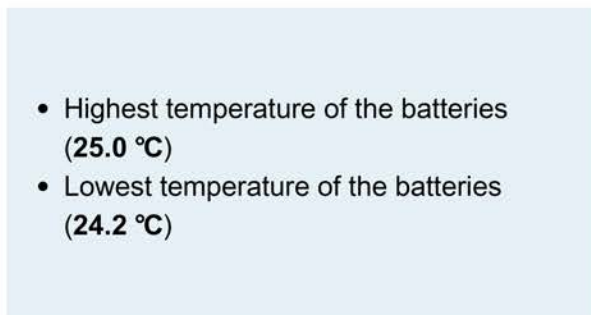
- Battery capacity (100 AH)
- Battery level (4%)



- Temperature of BMS board (25.9 °C)
- Temperature of MOSFET on BMS board (25.7 °C)



- Maximum voltage of one battery cell (3.2 V)
- Minimum voltage of one battery cell (3.1 V)



- Highest temperature of the batteries (25.0 °C)
- Lowest temperature of the batteries (24.2 °C)



Types of errors

The fan is locked when the inverter is on

01 ERROR

Over Temperature

02 ERROR

Battery voltage is too high

03 ERROR

Battery voltage is too low

04 ERROR

Output short-circuited or over temperature is detected on internal converter components

05 ERROR

Output voltage is too high

06 ERROR

Overload time out

07 ERROR

B.U.S voltage is too high

08 ERROR

B.U.S soft start failed

09 ERROR

The main relay failed

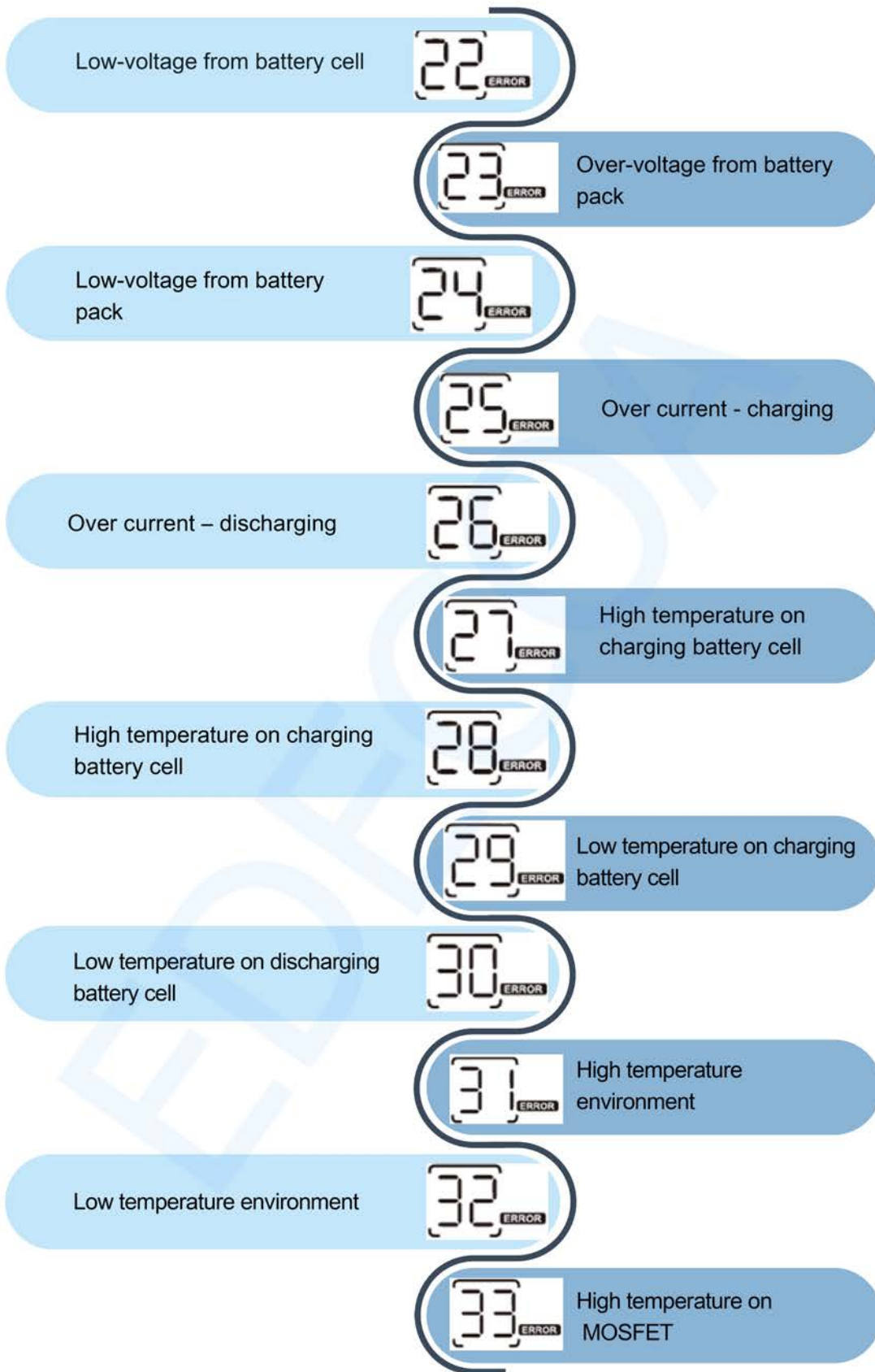
11 ERROR

Solar charger stops due to high PV voltage

13 ERROR

Over-voltage from battery cell

21 ERROR



Short circuit

35 ERROR

Over voltage on the charger

36 ERROR

Overcurrent

51 ERROR

B.U.S voltage is too low

52 ERROR

Soft start failure

53 ERROR

Over DC voltage

55 ERROR

Battery connection problem

56 ERROR

Current sensor failure

57 ERROR

The output voltage is too low

58 ERROR



Warning types


The fan is blocked when the inverter is on.

 **Beep 3 times per second**

01 

03 

Battery over-charged

 **Beep once per second**

Low battery

 **Beep once per second**


04 

07 
OVER LOAD

Overload

 **Beep once every 0.5 second**

Output power derating


 **Beep twice every 3 seconds**

10 

12 

Solar charger stops due to low battery


Solar charger stops due to high PV voltage

13 

14 

Solar charger stops due to overload

Over-voltage from battery cell


21 

22 

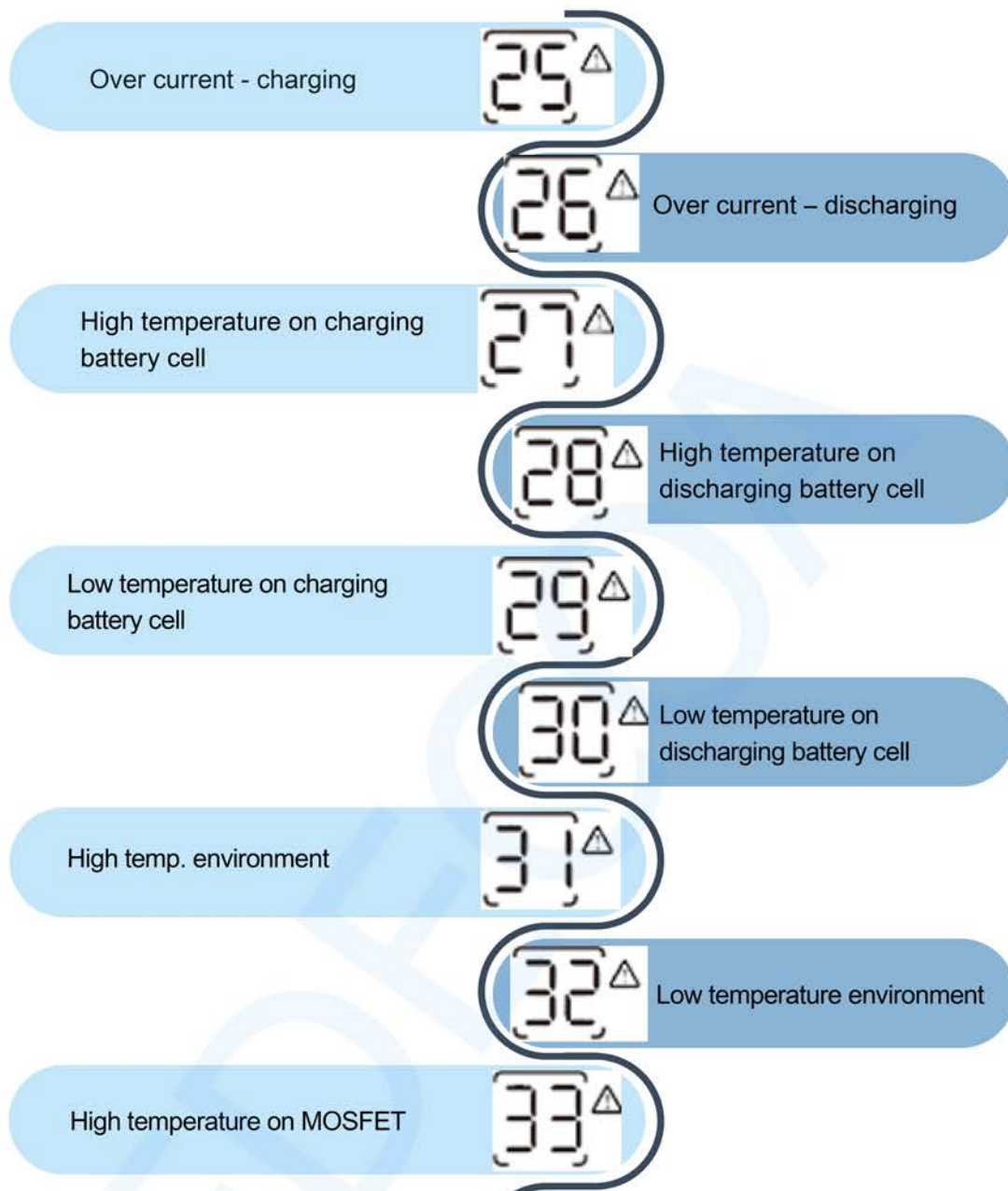
Low-voltage from battery cell

Over-voltage from battery pack

23 

24 

Low-voltage from battery pack



TROUBLE SHOOTING



Shuts down automatically during startup process



The battery voltage is too low ($<1.91\text{V/Cell}$)

1. Re-charge battery.
2. Replace battery

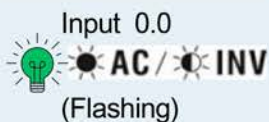
No response after power on.

No indication

1. The battery voltage is far too low ($<1.4\text{V/Cell}$)
2. Battery polarity is connected reversed

1. Check if the batteries and the wiring are connected firmly.
2. Replacing the fuse.
3. Re-charge battery.
4. Replace battery

Mains exist but the unit works in battery mode



Input protector is tripped.

Check if AC breaker is tripped and AC wiring is connected well.



Insufficient quality of AC power. (Shore or Generator)

1. Check if AC wires are too thin and/or too long.
2. Check if the generator (if applied) is working well or if the input voltage range setting is correct. (UPS→Appliance)



"Solar First" is selected

Change output source priority to utility

When the unit is turned on, the internal relay keeps ON and OFF repeatedly



Battery is disconnected

Check if battery wires are connected well.

TROUBLE SHOOTING



The alarm sounds continuously and the red LED **FAULT** is on

| | | | | |
|--|--------|--|--------|---|
| |> | Fan fault |> | 1. Replace the fan |
| |> | Internal temperature of inverter component is over 100°C |> | 1. Check if the fans are covered or if the ambient temperature is too high. |
| |> | 1. Battery is overcharged 2. Battery voltage is too high |> | 1. Verify that the specifications and number of batteries are as recommended. |
| |> | 1. Short-circuit output 2. Internal temperature is higher than 100 °C |> | 1. Check if the fans are covered or if the ambient temperature is too high. |
| |> | Abnormal output (inverter voltage below 190 VAC or above 260 VAC) |> | 1. Reduce the load connected 2. Contact the customer service |
| |> | The inverter has an overload of 110%. |> | 1. Reduce the load connected |
| |> | Internal components failed |> | 1. Contact the customer service |
| |> | Overvoltage |> | 1. Reset the inverter 2. Contact the customer service |

TROUBLE SHOOTING



The alarm sounds continuously and the red LED **FAULT** is on



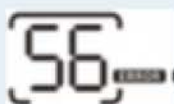
.....> **B.U.S voltage is too low**

->
- 1.Reset the inverter
 - 2.Contact the customer service



.....> **Output voltage imbalance**

->
- 1.Reset the inverter
 - 2.Contact the customer service



.....> **Battery connection issue or fuse burnt**

->
- 1.Check the battery connection



Technical Features

Line Mode Specifications

| | |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Input Voltage Waveform | Sinusoidal (utility or generator) |
| Nominal Input Voltage | 230 VCA |
| Low Loss Voltage | 170 VCA \pm 7 V (UPS) 90 Vac \pm 7V (Electrodomésticos) |
| Low Loss Return Voltage | 180 VCA \pm 7 V (UPS) 100 VAC \pm 7V (Electrodomésticos) |
| High Loss Voltage | 280 VCA \pm 7 V |
| High Loss Return Voltage | 270 VCA \pm 7 V |

| Modo de línea | |
|---|---|
| Max AC Input Voltage | 300VCA |
| Frequency | 50 Hz / 60 Hz (Auto detection) |
| Cut-off Low Frequency | 40±1Hz |
| Recovery (Low) Frequency | 42±1Hz |
| Cut-off High Frequency | 65±1Hz |
| Recovery (High) Frequency | 63±1Hz |
| Short-circuit protection | Circuit breaker |
| Efficiency | >95 % (nominal load R, fully charged battery) |
| Transfer time | 10ms typical (UPS); 20ms typical (Appliances) |
| Output power reduction: When the AC input voltage drops to 170 V, the output power will be reduced. | |
| Inverter Mode Specifications | |
| Rated Output | 3200VA/3000W |
| Output Voltage Waveform | Pure Sine Wave |
| Output Voltage Regulation | 230VCA ±5% |
| Output Frequency | 50Hz |
| Peak Efficiency | 94% |
| Overload Protection | 5s@≥150% load; 10s@≥ 110% ~ 150% load |
| Surge Capacity | 2 * rated power for 5 seconds |
| Nominal DC Input Voltage | 24 VCC |
| Cold Start Voltage | 23,0 VCC |

| Modo Inversor | | |
|-------------------------------|--|----------|
| Low DC Warning Voltage | @ load < 2 0% | 22,0 VCC |
| | @ 20 % ≤ load < 50 % | 21,4 VCC |
| | @ load ≥ 50% | 20,2 VCC |
| Low DC Warning Return Voltage | @ load < 2 0% | 21,0 VCC |
| | @ 20 % ≤ load < 50 % | 22,4 VCC |
| | @ load ≥ 50% | 21,2 VCC |
| Low DC Cut-off Voltage | @ load < 2 0% | 21,0 VCC |
| | @ 20 % ≤ load < 50 % | 20,4 VCC |
| | @ load ≥ 50 % | 19,2 VCC |
| High DC Recovery Voltage | 29 VCC | |
| High DC Cut-off Voltage | 31 VCC | |
| No-Load Power Consumption | <25W | |
| ECO Power Consumption | < 10W | |
| Utility Charging Mode | | |
| Charging Algorithm | 3-Step | |
| Charging Current (UPS) | 80A | |
| AC Charging Current | 10/20 Amp | |
| Bulk Charging Voltage (V) | Flooded Battery | 29,2 |
| | AGM / Gel Battery | 28,2 |
| Charging Curve |  | |

| Solar Charging Mode (MPPT) | |
|------------------------------------|-------------|
| Rated Out Power | 3000W |
| PV charging current | 80A |
| Efficiency | 98,0% máx. |
| Max. PV array open circuit voltage | 450 VCC |
| PV array MPPT voltage range | 55-450 VCC |
| Standby energy consumption | 2W |
| Battery voltage accuracy | +/- 0,3% |
| PV voltage accuracy | +/- 2V |
| General Information | |
| Safety certification | CE/UKCA |
| Operating temperature range | 0~55°C |
| Storage temperature | - 15~60 °C |
| Dimension (mm) | 348*282*105 |
| Net weight (kg) | 5,5 |