

Outdoor sensor with weather shield Humidity / Temperature

Active sensor (0...10 V) for measuring the relative or absolute humidity and temperature in outdoor areas. Instead of the humidity signal, the enthalpy or the dewpoint can be selected as an output signal. IP65 / NEMA 4X rated enclosure.





Type Overview			
Туре	Output signal active temperature	Output signal active humidity	
22UTH-11	05 V, 010 V	05 V, 010 V	
Technical data			
Electrical data	Nominal voltage	AC/DC 24 V	
	Nominal voltage range	AC 21.626.4 V / DC 13.526.4 V	
	Power consumption AC	0.8 VA	
	Power consumption DC	0.4 W	
	Electrical connection	Pluggable spring loaded terminal block max. 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	
	Cable entry	Cable gland with strain relief ø68 mm	
Functional data	Sensor technology	Polymer capacitive sensor with stainless steel wire mesh filter	
	Application	Air	
	Multirange	4 measuring ranges selectable	
	Voltage output	2 x 05 V, 010 V, min. resistance 10 k $\Omega$	
	Output signal active note	Output 05/10 V with Jumper adjustable	
Measuring data	Measured values	Relative humidity Absolute humidity Dew point Enthalpies Temperature	
Specification Temperature	Measuring range		
	Accuracy temperature active	Active sensor: range selectable Attention: max. measuring temperature is restricted by max. fluid temperature (see Safety data) Setting Range [°C] Range [°F] Factory setting S0 -4060 -40160 S1 050 40140 S2 -1535 0100 S3 -2080 0200 $\checkmark$ ±0.3°C @ 25°C [±0.5°F @ 77°F] ±0.05°C p.a. @ 21°C [±0.09°E p.a. @ 70°E]	
	Long term stability	±0.05°C p.a. @ 21°C [±0.09°F p.a. @ 70°F]	
	Time constant $\tau$ (63%) in the room	Typical 351 s @ 0 m/s	



adjustable at the transducer:

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	Specification Humidity	Measuring range absolute humidity	
		Measuring range enthalpy	
		Measuring range dew point	

-	5 5 7		
		050 g/m <sup>3</sup> (default setting)	
		080 g/m <sup>3</sup>	
	Measuring range enthalpy	085 kJ/kg	
	Measuring range dew point	adjustable at the transducer:	
		050°C (default setting)	
		-2080°C	
	Accuracy	±2% between 080% RH @ 25°C ±0.3% RH p.a. @ 21°C @ 50% RH	
	Long term stability		
	Time constant $\tau$ (63%) in the room	Typical 16 s @ 0 m/s	
Safety data	Protection class IEC/EN	III, Safety Extra-Low Voltage (SELV)	
	Power source UL	Class 2 Supply	
	Degree of protection IEC/EN	IP65	
	Degree of protection NEMA/UL	NEMA 4X	
	Enclosure	UL Enclosure Type 4X	
	EU Conformity	CE Marking	
	Certification IEC/EN	IEC/EN 60730-1	
	Quality Standard	ISO 9001	
	Type of action	Type 1	
	Rated impulse voltage supply	0.8 kV	
	Pollution degree	3	
	Ambient humidity	Short-term condensation permitted	
	Ambient temperature	-3550°C [-30122°F]	
	Fluid humidity	Short-term condensation permitted	
	Fluid temperature	-3550°C [-30122°F]	
Materials	Cable gland	PA6, white	
	Housing	Cover: PC, white	
	-	Bottom: PC, white	
		Seal: NBR70, black	
		UV resistant	

## Safety notes



This device has been designed for use in stationary heating, ventilation and air-conditioning systems and must not be used outside the specified field of application. Unauthorised modifications are prohibited. The product must not be used in relation with any equipment that in case of a failure may threaten humans, animals or assets.

Ensure all power is disconnected before installing. Do not connect to live/operating equipment.

Only authorised specialists may carry out installation. All applicable legal or institutional installation regulations must be complied with during installation.

The device contains electrical and electronic components and must not be disposed of as household refuse. All locally valid regulations and requirements must be observed.



Remarks			
General remarks concerning sensors	When using lengthy connection wires (depending on the cross section used) the measuring result might be falsified due to a voltage drop at the common GND-wire (caused by the voltage current and the line resistance). In this case, 2 GND-wires must be wired to the senso - one for supply voltage and one for the measuring current. Sensing devices with a transducer should always be operated in the middle of the measuring		
	range to avoid deviations at the measuring end points. The ambient transducer electronics should be kept constant. The transducers must constant supply voltage ( $\pm$ 0.2 V). When switching the supply voltage surges must be avoided.	temperature of st be operated at a	
	Remark: Occurring draft leads to a better carrying-off of dissipative p temporally limited fluctuations might occur upon temperature meas	ccurring draft leads to a better carrying-off of dissipative power at the sensor. Thus limited fluctuations might occur upon temperature measurement.	
Build-up of self-heating by electrical dissipative power	Temperature sensors with electronic components always have a dissipative power which affects the temperature measurement of the ambient air. The dissipation in active temperature sensors shows a linear increase with rising operating voltage. The dissipative power should be taken into account when measuring temperature.		
	In case of a fixed operating voltage ( $\pm$ 0.2 V), this is normally done by constant offset value. As Belimo transducers work with a variable operation of production engineering only one operating voltage can be consideration. Transducers 010 V / 420 mA have a standard settir voltage of DC 24 V. This means that at this voltage, the expected mean output signal will be the least. For other operating voltages, the offset by a changing power loss of the sensor electronics.	erating voltage, for e taken into ng at an operating isuring error of the	
	If a readjustment directly at the active sensor should be necessary during later operation, th can be done with the following adjustment methods. - For sensors with NFC or dongle with the corresponding Belimo app - For sensors with a trimming potentiometer on the sensor board		
	- For bus sensors via bus interface with a corresponding software variable		
Application notice for humidity sensors	<b>ty sensors</b> The humidity sensor is extremely sensitive. Touching the sensor element or exposing it to aggressive substances like chlorine, ozone, ammonia, hydrogen peroxide or ethanol (i.e. as cleaning agent) may affect the measurement accuracy.		
	Long term operation outside the recommended conditions (560°C result in a temporary offset. After returning into the recommended r disappears.		
Parts included			
	Description	Туре	
	Mounting plate L housing	A-22D-A10	

Access	Oriac
ALLESS	ULICS

Туре Replacement filter sensor probe tip, wire mesh, Stainless steel A-22D-A06

Rain cover, for 22UTH-..

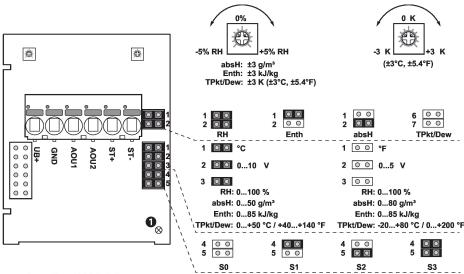
Dowels Screws

Description

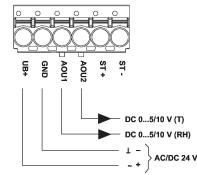
A-22U-A01



## Wiring diagram



2 x 0...5/10 V



Connectors ST+ / ST- are only used for sensor types which additionally have a passive resistance sensor element for temperature measurement.

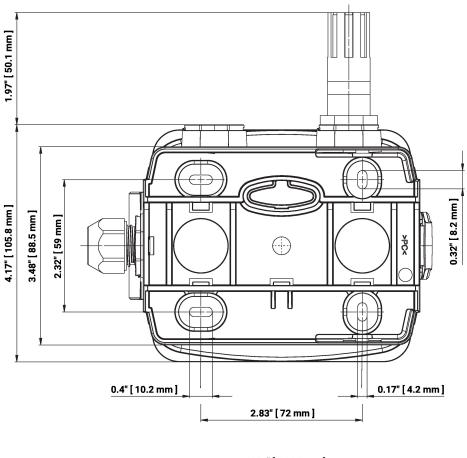
The adjustment of the measuring ranges is made by changing the bonding jumpers. The output value in the new measuring range is available after 2 seconds.

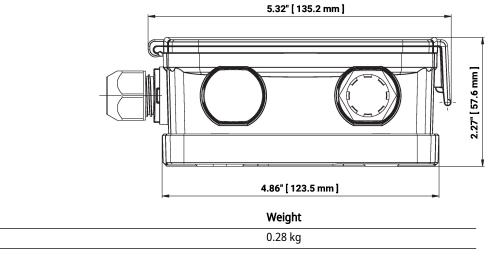
Setting	Range [°C]	Range [°F]	Factory setting
S0	-4060	-40160	
S1	050	40140	
S2	-1535	0100	
S3	-2080	0200	$\checkmark$

① Status LED RH Relative humidity absH Absolute humidity EntH Enthalpy TPkt/Dew Dew point (Measured value available on output AOU1)



## Dimensions





## Further documentation

Туре

22UTH-11

• Installation instructions