## **FKK** Corporation

# Wood pellet and biomass system ceramic igniter

## **Specification Data**

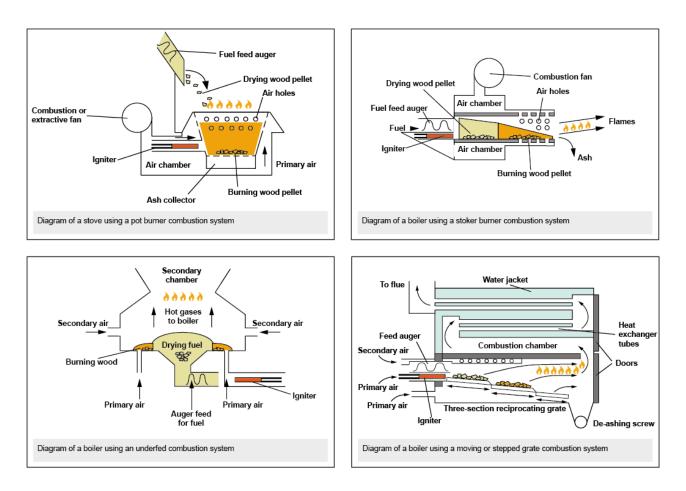
Product name: Ceramic Igniter PSx-2-240-B

Drawing number: IBA-HH005A Revised on: 2015.12.20



#### 1. Application

This engineering specification data applied to ceramic igniter, which is used for the ignition of biomass (especially wood pellet) burning system. It can also be adapted to other specific application (biofuel system, water boiling, industrial oven, etc).



#### 2. Part Number

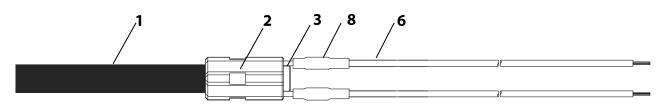
Part number PSx-2-240-B	
Product type	PSx: Pellet System X
Flange, fitting type	2: Ceramic flange 17.7mm blow through type
Voltage	<b>240</b> : 240V (220~240V)
Heating element type	<b>B:</b> Black heating element type (=300W class)

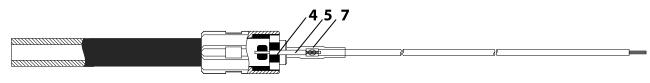
PSx-2-240-B

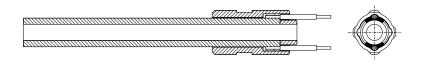
#### **3.Materials**

Numbers refer to related drawing parts list.

1.	Heating element LCR-332C-240VFCL	Metalized Alumina Al2O3 92% Dimension: $\emptyset$ 11.55 x 106 L Insulation resistance 40.15~49.13 $\Omega$ (at23±1°C) Dissipation pattern: in-line
2.	Alumina insulator	Alumina Al2O3 95% Dimension: Ø17.7 x Ø15.6 x 31 L
3.	Alumina tube	Alumina Al2O3 95%
4.	Ceramic compound sealant	Fujiceram-W ceramic sealing compound
5.	Insulator Silicon tube	PTFE AWG 18-15L Heat resistance: 180°C
6.	Lead Wires	Nisei Electric RS-GE 0.5sq White Heat resistance: 180°C
7.	Crimp terminal connector	Nippon Electrode Splice 29071-1 Material: Copper, Tin plating
8.	Heat shrinkable tube	Nissei Electric Silicon heat shrinkable tube SST04-050S Dimension: Ø4x25L Heat resistance: 180°C Breakdown voltage: minimum 6kV







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#### **4.General properties**

		-			
Properties	Value	Condition			
Forward Current	AC240V ±10%	50 / 60Hz			
	345 W (AC240V)	44.65Ω			
Power consumption	315W (AC 230V)				
	295 W (AC 220V)				
Normal temperature resistance	40.15~49.13Ω	23±1°C ambient temperature			
Rising time	> 820°C within 60s, Max temperature of 1000°C after 120s				
Inrush current	> 5.7A	23±1°C ambient temperature			
Minimum Wattage	> 295W				
Minimum temperature	870°C				
Insulation resistance	> 50MΩ	Applied at both side of Heating element DC500V at normal temperature and humidity			
Withstand voltage	Applied at both si Heating element				
Caulking strength (Nickel wire and lead wire)	≥ 29.4 N (over 3kg f)	The nickel wire has been clamp and the lead part has been tested with push-pull gauge.			
Discontinuous conduction (heating element)	Without break	Applied at 264V for 4min On/5min Off (forced cooling) for over 3000 cycles			

Test condition:

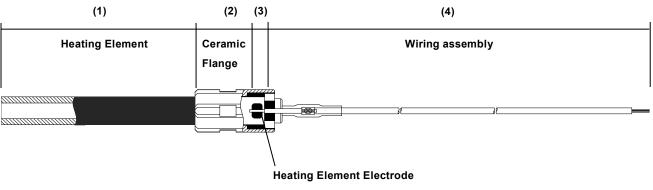
All values have been measured in the same condition as follow: Temperature: 23±1°C Humidity rate: 25~80% Atmospheric pressure: 101.3kPa~106kPa

#### 5. Heater application environmental condition

#### Temperature

	Characteristics	Unit	Minimum	Normal	Maximum
Storage	Storage temperature	°C	-40	5~35	60
	Heating element (1)	°C	-40	800	1000
<b>a</b>	Ceramic flange (2)	°C	-40	150	400
Operation	Heating element electrodes (3)	°C	-40	120	250
	Wiring assembly (4)	°C	-40	50	180

() number on below diagram



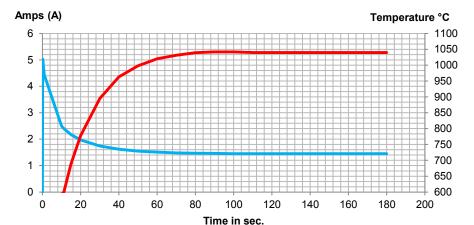
(brazing)

#### **Change rate**

Characteristics	Unit	Minimum	Normal	Maximum
Heater resistance	Ω	40.15	44.64	49.13
Heater voltage (AC)	V	216	240	264
Inrush current (23±1°C , AC240V)	А	4.7	5.03	5.7
Heater current	А	1.38	1.45	1.52
Heater wattage	W	295	345	400
Heater temperature (power Off)	°C	-	-	1000

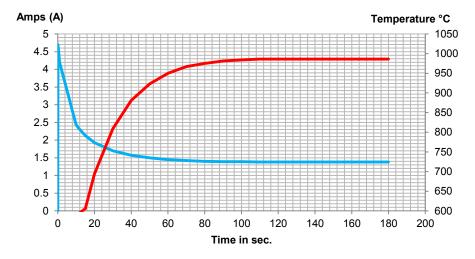
#### 6. Rising temperature (reference only)

Rising surface temperature varied according to forward current and nominal resistance. The graphs below show the temperatures according to forward current at the recommended resistance value. These values are for reference only.



#### Current: AC240V / 60Hz (=specification) Peak current: 5.053A Max temperature: 1045°C

Nominal resistance:  $41.80\Omega$ Emissivity ( $\epsilon$ ): 0.8 Temperature measurement point: 21.5mm from the tip Condition: temperature 23.3°C / humidity 54%RH



Current: AC216V / 60Hz (specification -10%)

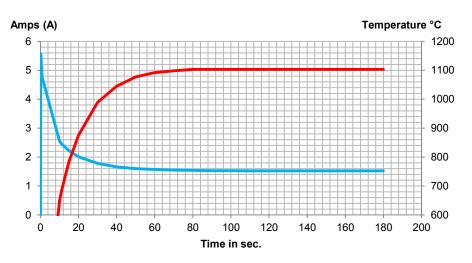
Peak current: 4.717A Max temperature: 988°C

Nominal resistance: 41.80Ω

Emissivity (ε): 0.8

Temperature measurement point:

- 21.5mm from the tip
- Condition: temperature 23.3°C / humidity 54%RH

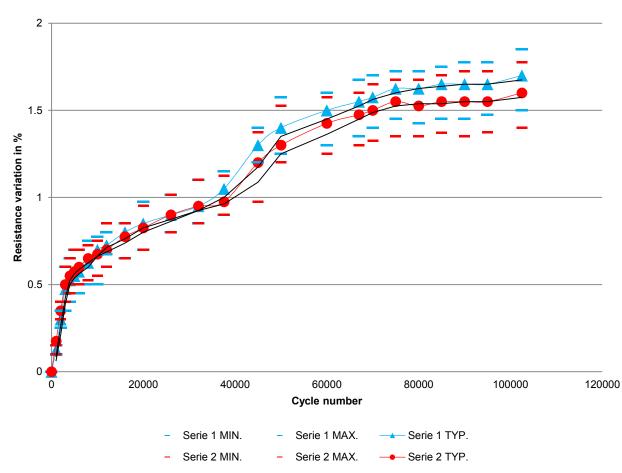


Current: AC264V / 60Hz (specification +10%) Peak current: 5.572A Max temperature: 1106°C

Nominal resistance:  $41.80\Omega$ Emissivity ( $\epsilon$ ): 0.8 Temperature measurement point: 21.5mm from the tip Condition: temperature 23.3°C / humidity 54%RH

#### 7. Durability test (reference only)

		Applied at 264V for 4 min On / 5 min off (Forced cooling) for over 3,000 cycles.		
Discontinuous conduction (Heating element)	Without break and substantial deterioration of properties	Applied at 240V for 60 Sec ON, 180 Sec OFF for over 100,000 cycles.		
		Condition: temperature 23.3°C /		
		humidity 54%RH, ambient air		
		Values for reference only.		



60 sec ON, 180 sec OFF cycle reliability test

### 8. Requirement of heater installation condition

For optimal ignition performance and a long lifetime of the igniter's heating element, please read carefully the following installation requirements and notices.

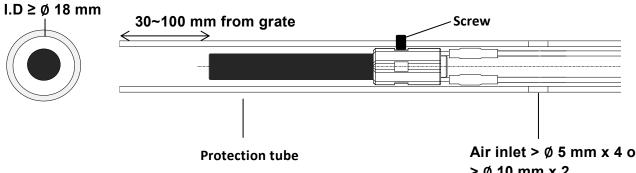
#### **Operating temperature**

After the installation position is decided, the operating temperature of the heater should be measured and each temperature must be within the recommended range defined in the "Heater application environmental condition" section of the present document.

#### **Recommended design**

To ensure a good protection of the heater we recommend designing a protection tube as follow:

- The protection of the heater from breaking should be ensured by a metal tube (iron or • stainless steel, tick  $\geq$  2mm recommended).
- The steel protection tube shall let a distance of minimum 3mm around the ceramic heating element. If not respected this could lead to local overheating or ionization of the interspace between the steel tube and the heating element, leading to damage it or substantially reducing the rating life of the igniter.
- Please avoid direct contact of the ceramic heating element with the protective tube, or solid fuel or ashes.
- The heater reach a steady-state temperature of about 950~1050°C. For a long lifespan, forced cooling by air blower is not necessary but you should ensure a sufficient stream (stream flow  $\geq 4 \sim 12 \text{m}^3/\text{h}$ ) of ambient temperature air to avoid overheating.
- The air stream and protective tube shape should be considered not to collect ashes and material from solid fuel combustion residues.
- The heater should not be constantly exposed to fire. This could lead to corrosion of the heating element and shorten the life time.



\* depend on air stream and burner size

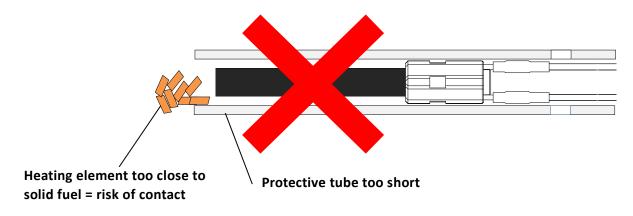
Air inlet > Ø 5 mm x 4 or > Ø 10 mm x 2

#### Special recommendation

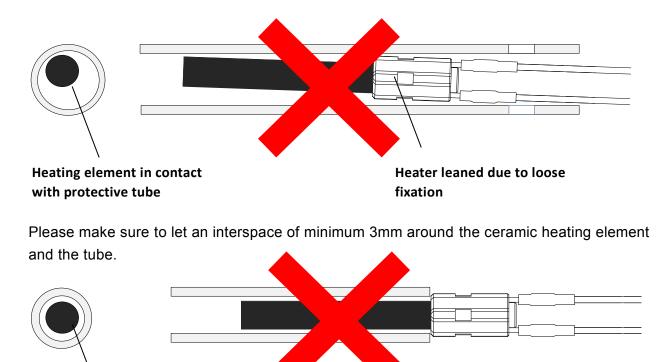
Introducing a cleaning stage in the automatic ignition program of the controller board can optimized the performance and rated life of the igniter. A simple cleaning stage, with for instance, fan blower at high speed for 30 seconds before ignition stages, can ensure that the protective tube and heater always remain clean from ashes and other combustion residues.

#### Installation prohibition

Please design your system in order that the heating element of the heater never enters directly in contact with solid fuel or ashes or metal protective tube. If the heating element enters in contact with solid fuel, ashes or metal protective it could damage the heating element. Longer protective tube should be considered to avoid this situation.



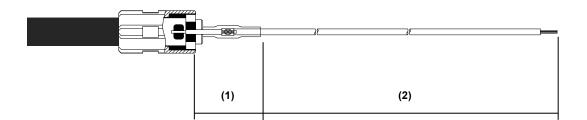
Attachment system should be considered to avoid this situation.



Insufficient interspace around heating element

#### Other installation prohibition

- You should avoid to install the product in a confined environment without air stream, overheat could damage the heating element. While the power is on, please ensure a sufficient flux of ambient temperature air (stream flow ≥4~12m<sup>3</sup>/h recommended).
- Environmental temperature of the heater electrode (brazing portion of the metal heater leads), should be maintain at less than 250 °C.
- Do not install the heater in environment which can gather condensed water or be water or oil splashed. In this condition, crack may happen in the heating element.
- The heater ceramic heating element and flange should be free from harmful contamination. Harmful contamination (ashes, grease, combustion residues) may cause crack or electrical failure.
- Do not cool too suddenly the heater. Thermal shock crack may occur in the heating element. We strongly recommend starting the system fan before powering on the heater.
- The wiring assembly part protected by heat shrinkable tube (cf. (1) below figure) should not be bent over 60 degree angle tensile.
- The curvature of lead wire part (cf. (2) below figure) must be larger than R20.



- Large tensile stress of lead wire must not be kept in the operation condition. And after being installed, the lead wire must be free from tensile stress.
- In order to prevent body injuries or serious damage, you should ensure to design a safety environment to place this product, taking in count a possible failure of this component.

#### 9. Handling precautions and prohibitions

The following items may seriously affect the rated life and properties of this product.

- Do not input inappropriate forward current. Applying a DC current may cause the deterioration of the ion transfer and degradation of resistance or disconnection.
- Please avoid colliding ceramics pieces each other.
- Please avoid colliding or giving excessive shock to ceramic part (drop down from more than 30 cm height). This could crush or crack the ceramic heating element and break it while powering on. Do not hold the heater by the wiring side only. This handling may cause to hit the heater ceramic element against the operation desk, the rack, the wall, etc. Then the ceramic may be cracked. Please always handle the products with care.
- When the heater is installed, the heater should be installed by hand. It is not permitted to tighten or fix the heater by spinning connector or the lead wire only. This action will make a twisted wire, and then it may cause a disconnection or lead wire insulation failure.

This product specification data guarantee the whole product as well as the part. Please contact our company for specific usage or conditions. Please inform us if you want to make modification to the product. All modification made to the product occurring after the delivery would be consider as outside the scope of the present specification data and the warranty.

#### 10.Storage

The heater should be carried and store in FKK blister case until installation in the burner. If the heaters are stored in FKK package, be careful to handling with care. The heater can get damages by wetting, impact by dropping, stacking or mechanical shock etc. Storage in the below conditions should be avoided:

- Sea breeze, C12, H2S, NH3, SO2, NOX environment
- Exposition to direct sunlight
- Long storage in moist and oily condition or in conditions other than 5~35°C normal storage temperature and 45~85% of normal storage humidity

#### **11.Warranty**

Default, failure due to a defective design and production may be replace by FKK Corporation without compensation within 2 years from the shipment date. For other defectives, the both company should find a compromise in good faith and good fare to resolve the matter.

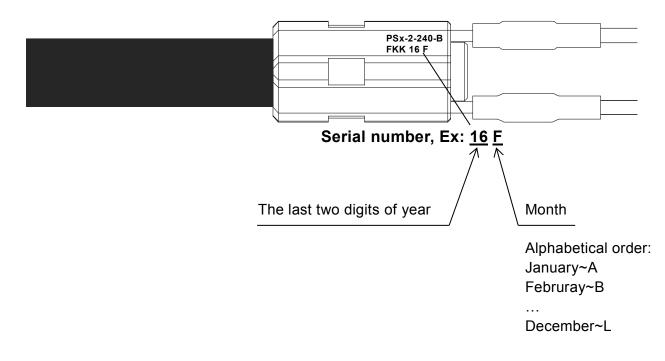
FKK Corporation is not responsible in the below cases:

- Non observance of data sheet installation requirement
- Inappropriate use and handling
- Damage caused during the delivery
- Repair and modification made by other company than FKK Corporation
- Damaged caused during natural disaster, fire, etc.

In case of defective product, please advise with your FKK sales representative or distributor. In case of replacement of defective products FKK sales representative or distributor will ask you the related product's invoice and serial number (cf. section below).

#### **12.Serial number marking**

All products are marked with a serial number representing the year and month of production.



#### **Conformity with EC regulation**

This product complies with European community regulations as follow:

1907/2006/EC European Directive of June 2006 on Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals in Electrical and Electronic Equipment (REACH).

2011/65/EU European Directive of June 2011 on Restriction of the use of Certain Hazardous Substances in Electrical and Electronic Equipment (RoHS).

2006/95/EC European Directive of December 2006 on electrical equipment designed for use within certain voltage limits (LVD).

\*Related Standard : EN60335-1-45, EN60335-2-45

This product have been checked and certified fully compliant to EC regulation by TUV Rheinland certification company (test report No:50031010001 and 0144065711a001)



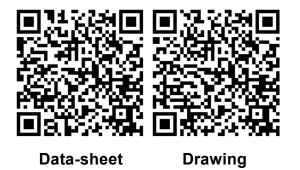
#### **13.Revision history**

Specification sheet number				Drawing number	IBA-HH	005A
Customer company name				Designated product	PSx-2-2	40-B
Specification sheet	Revised Content of		of revision			
number	date	Page number	Item name	Content		Author
	13/11/10	all	all	Creation		M.S
	13/12/01	all	all	Complete revision and addition of multiple content		M.S
	14/03/15	all	all	Complete revision		M.S
	14/08/10	all	all	Complete revision and addition of multiple content		M.S
	15/12/20	all	all	Complete re addition of cont	fmultiple	M.S

#### **14.Information**

For use beyond typical operating conditions or applications, please consult your FKK sales representative or distributor for further information.

The products digital data-sheet and drawing can be downloaded on FKK web site or by scanning the QR code below.



#### About FKK

FKK Corporation (Fuji Kogyo Kabushiki) was incorporated in 1954 and since then producing ignition components for gas, oil and biomass sector. The company complies with ISO 9001 and ISO 14001.

For more information about FKK and our products, please visit www.fkk-corporation.com

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