



ALPHA & OMEGA
SEMICONDUCTOR



AO4932

**Asymmetric Dual N-Channel Enhancement Mode Field Effect Transistor
SRFET™**

General Description

The AO4932 uses advanced trench technology to provide excellent $R_{DS(ON)}$ and low gate charge. The two MOSFETs make a compact and efficient switch and synchronous rectifier combination for use in DC-DC converters. A monolithically integrated Schottky diode in parallel with the synchronous MOSFET to boost efficiency further. Standard Product AO4932 is Pb-free (meets ROHS & Sony 259 specifications).

Features

FET1

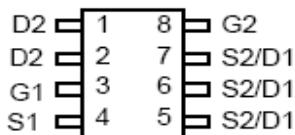
V_{DS} (V) = 30V
 I_D = 9A
 $R_{DS(ON)} < 15.8\text{m}\Omega$
 $R_{DS(ON)} < 19.6\text{m}\Omega$

FET2

$V_{DS}(V)$ = 30V
 $I_D=9\text{A}$ ($V_{GS} = 10\text{V}$)
 $<15.8\text{m}\Omega$ ($V_{GS} = 10\text{V}$)
 $<23\text{m}\Omega$ ($V_{GS} = 4.5\text{V}$)

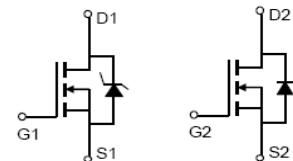
UIS TESTED!

$R_g, C_{iss}, C_{oss}, C_{rss}$ Tested



SRFET™

Soft Recovery MOSFET:
Integrated Schottky Diode



Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

Parameter	Symbol	Max FET1	Max FET2	Units
Drain-Source Voltage	V_{DS}	30	30	V
Gate-Source Voltage	V_{GS}	± 12	± 20	V
Continuous Drain Current ^{A,F}	I_{DSM}	9.0	9.0	A
$T_A=70^\circ\text{C}$		7.2	7.2	
Pulsed Drain Current ^B	I_{DM}	40	40	A
Avalanche Current ^C	I_{AR}	16	16	A
Repetitive avalanche energy $L=0.3\text{mH}^C$	E_{AR}	38	38	mJ
Power Dissipation	P_{DSM}	2.0	2.0	W
$T_A=70^\circ\text{C}$		1.3	1.3	
Junction and Storage Temperature Range	T_J, T_{STG}	-55 to 150	-55 to 150	°C

Thermal Characteristics FET1

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Max	Units
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ^A	$R_{\theta JA}$	48	62.5	°C/W
Steady-State		74	90	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Lead ^C	$R_{\theta JL}$	32	40	°C/W

Thermal Characteristics FET2

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Max	Units
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ^A	$R_{\theta JA}$	48	62.5	°C/W
Steady-State		74	90	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Lead ^C	$R_{\theta JL}$	32	40	°C/W

FET1 Electrical Characteristics ($T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
STATIC PARAMETERS						
BV_{DSS}	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D=1\text{mA}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$	30			V
I_{DSS}	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS}=30\text{V}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$ $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$		0.01	0.1	mA
I_{GSS}	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS}=0\text{V}, V_{GS} = \pm 12\text{V}$		5	10	μA
$V_{GS(\text{th})}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}, I_D=250\mu\text{A}$	1.5	1.8	2.4	V
$I_{D(\text{ON})}$	On state drain current	$V_{GS}=4.5\text{V}, V_{DS}=5\text{V}$	40			A
$R_{DS(\text{ON})}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, I_D=9\text{A}$ $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$		13	15.8	$\text{m}\Omega$
		$V_{GS}=4.5\text{V}, I_D=7\text{A}$		20.2	25.2	
g_{FS}	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}=5\text{V}, I_D=9\text{A}$		64		S
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	$I_S=1\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$		0.4	0.6	V
I_S	Maximum Body-Diode + Schottky Continuous Current				4.5	A
DYNAMIC PARAMETERS						
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=15\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$		1450	1885	pF
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance			224		pF
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			92		pF
R_g	Gate resistance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=0\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$		1.6	3.0	Ω
SWITCHING PARAMETERS						
$Q_g(10\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=15\text{V}, I_D=9\text{A}$		24	31	
$Q_g(4.5\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge			12.0	16	nC
Q_{gs}	Gate Source Charge			3.9		nC
Q_{gd}	Gate Drain Charge			4.2		nC
$t_{D(\text{on})}$	Turn-On Delay Time	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=15\text{V}, R_L=1.7\Omega, R_{\text{GEN}}=3\Omega$		5.5		ns
t_r	Turn-On Rise Time			4.7		ns
$t_{D(\text{off})}$	Turn-Off Delay Time			24.0		ns
t_f	Turn-Off Fall Time			4.0		ns
t_{rr}	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F=9\text{A}, dI/dt=300\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		10	12	ns
Q_{rr}	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	$I_F=9\text{A}, dI/dt=300\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		6.8		nC

A: The value of R_{QJA} is measured with the device mounted on 1 in² FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$. The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design.

B: Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature.

C. The R_{QJA} is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to lead R_{JL} and lead to ambient.

D. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using <300 μs pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

E. These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in² FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

F. The current rating is based on the $t \leq 10\text{s}$ thermal resistance rating.

Rev 2: June 2007

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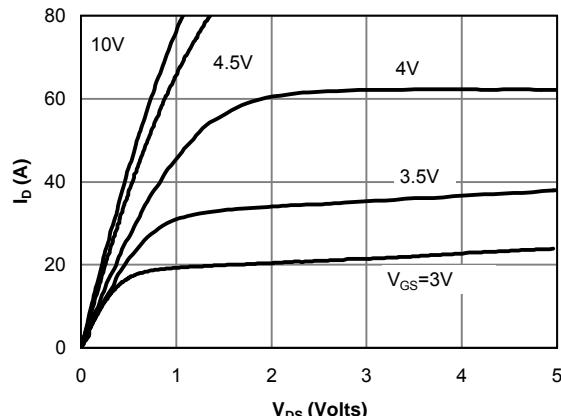
FET1 TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Figure 1: On-Region Characteristics

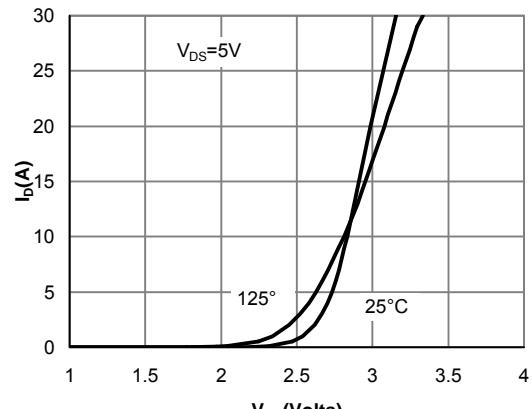


Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics

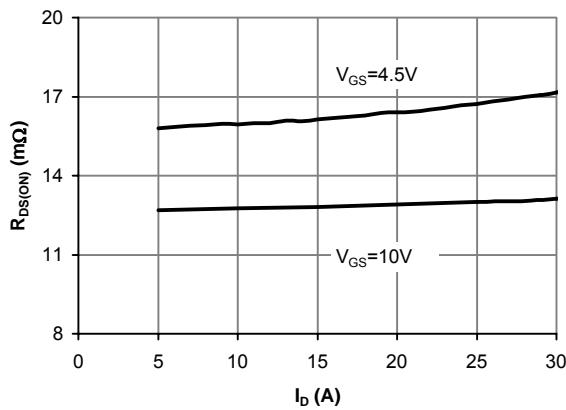


Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage

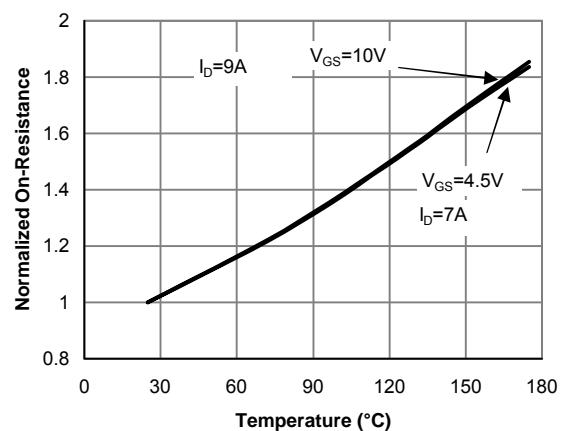


Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature

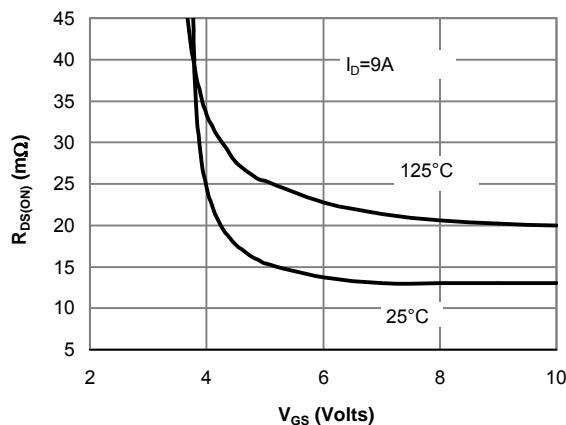


Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage

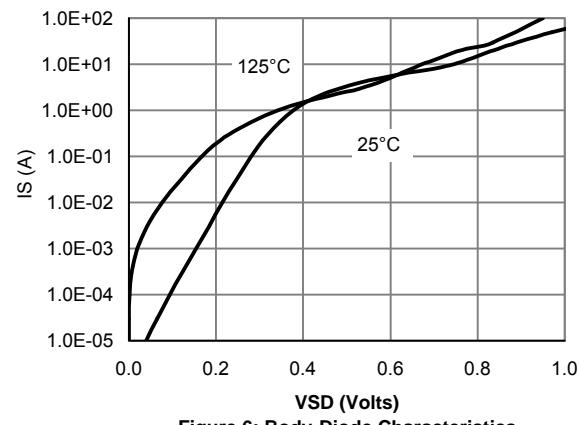


Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics

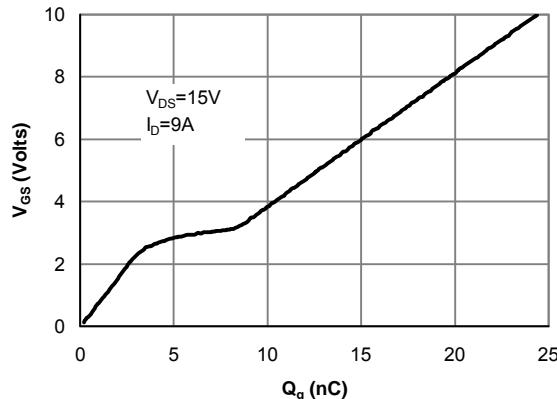
FET1 TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Figure 7: Gate-Charge Characteristics

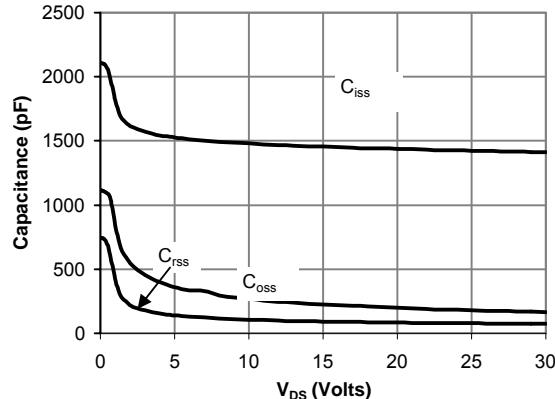


Figure 8: Capacitance Characteristics

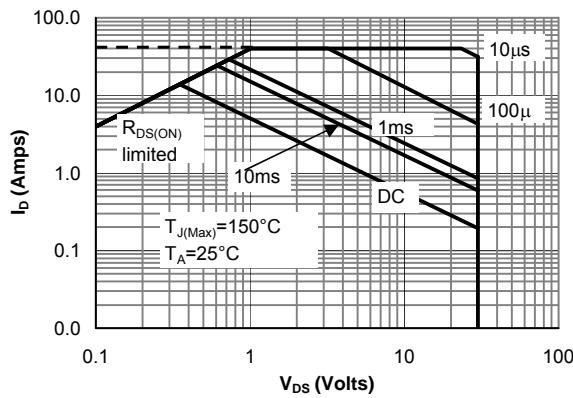


Figure 9: Maximum Forward Biased Safe Operating Area (Note E)

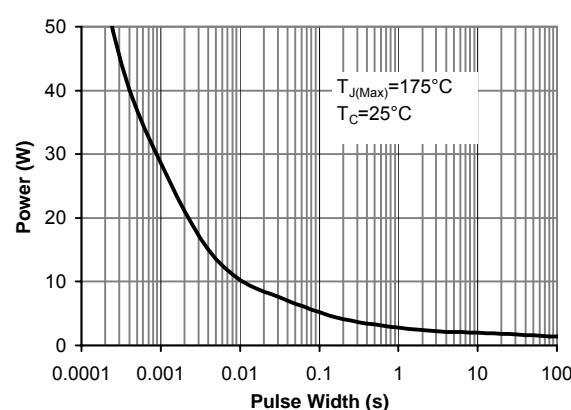


Figure 10: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Ambient (Note E)

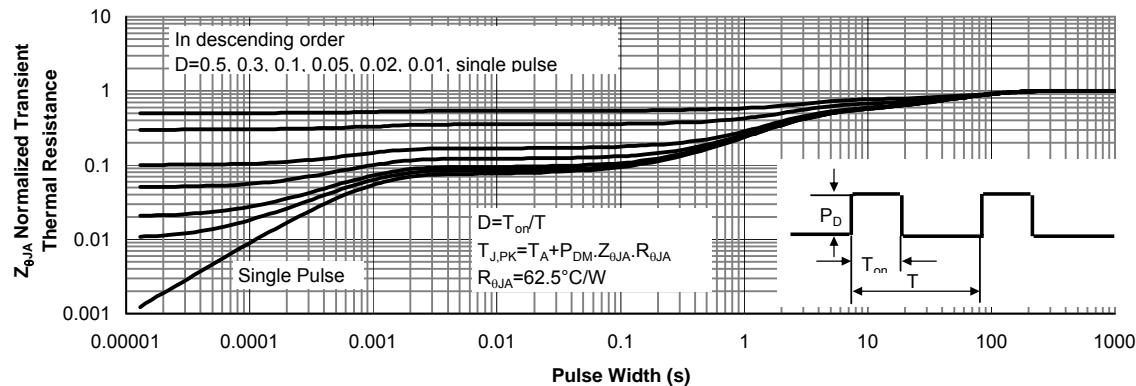
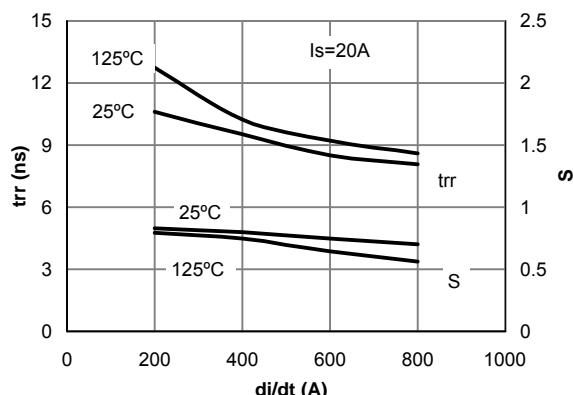
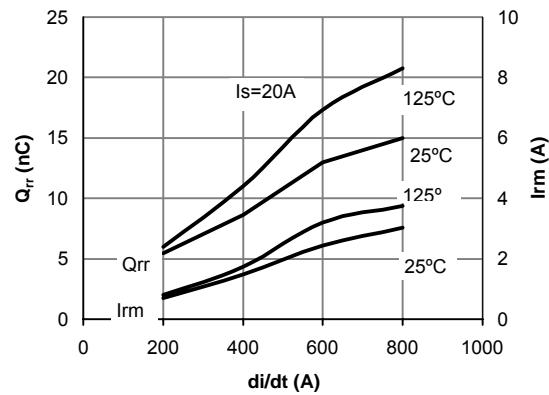
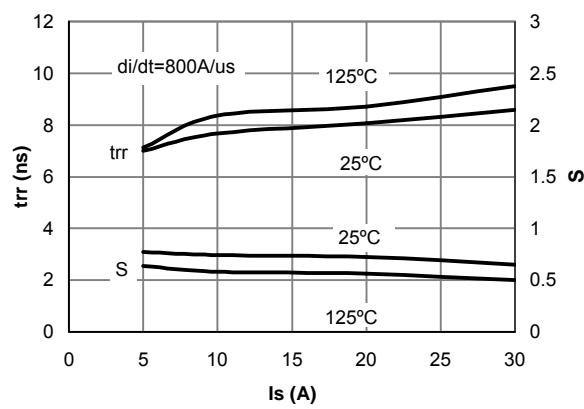
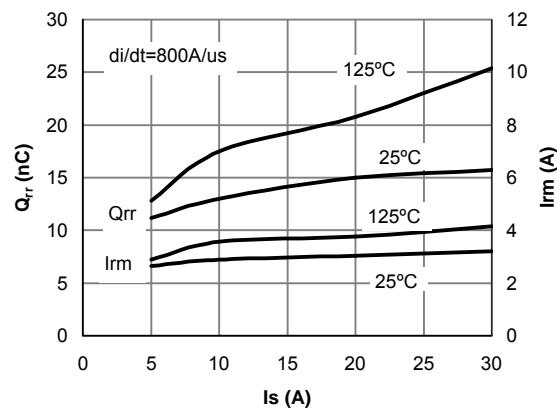
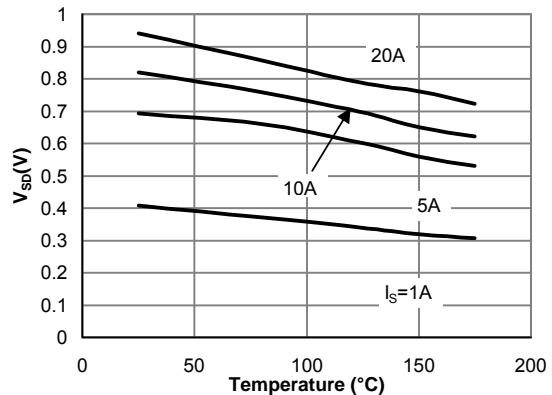
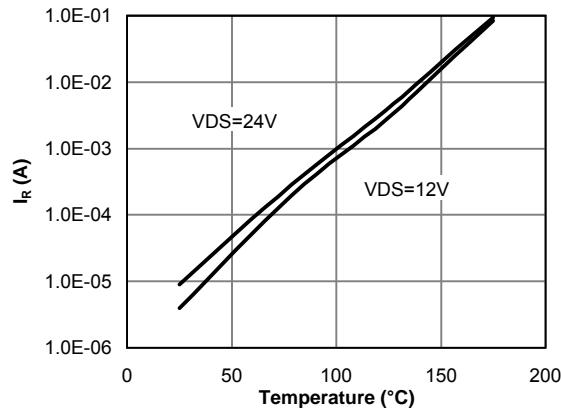


Figure 11: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note E)

FET1 TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

FET2 Electrical Characteristics ($T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
STATIC PARAMETERS						
BV_{DSS}	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D=250\mu\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$	30			V
I_{DSS}	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS}=30\text{V}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$ $T_J=55^\circ\text{C}$		1	5	μA
I_{GSS}	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS}=0\text{V}, V_{GS}=\pm 20\text{V}$		100		nA
$V_{GS(\text{th})}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}, I_D=250\mu\text{A}$	1.3	1.7	2.3	V
$I_{D(\text{ON})}$	On state drain current	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=5\text{V}$	40			A
$R_{DS(\text{ON})}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, I_D=9\text{A}$ $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$	13	15.8		$\text{m}\Omega$
		$V_{GS}=4.5\text{V}, I_D=7\text{A}$	19	23		$\text{m}\Omega$
g_{FS}	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}=5\text{V}, I_D=9\text{A}$		23		S
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	$I_S=1\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$		0.75	1	V
I_S	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current			3		A
DYNAMIC PARAMETERS						
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=15\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$		955	1250	pF
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance			145		pF
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			112		pF
R_g	Gate resistance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=0\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$		0.5	0.85	Ω
SWITCHING PARAMETERS						
$Q_g(10\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=15\text{V}, I_D=9\text{A}$		17	22	nC
$Q_g(4.5\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge			9	11.7	nC
Q_{gs}	Gate Source Charge			3.4		nC
Q_{gd}	Gate Drain Charge			4.7		nC
$t_{D(\text{on})}$	Turn-On Delay Time	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=15\text{V}, R_L=1.7\Omega, R_{\text{GEN}}=3\Omega$		5		ns
t_r	Turn-On Rise Time			6		ns
$t_{D(\text{off})}$	Turn-Off Delay Time			19		ns
t_f	Turn-Off Fall Time			4.5		ns
t_{rr}	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F=9\text{A}, dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		16.7	20	ns
Q_{rr}	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	$I_F=9\text{A}, dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		6.7		nC

A: The value of R_{QJA} is measured with the device mounted on 1 in² FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$. The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design.

B: Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature.

C. The R_{QJA} is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to lead R_{JL} and lead to ambient.

D. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using <300 μs pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

E. These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in² FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

F. The current rating is based on the $t \leq 10\text{s}$ thermal resistance rating.

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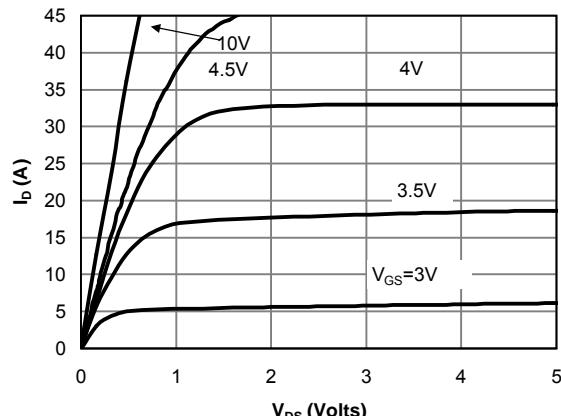
FET2 TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Figure 1: On-Region Characteristics

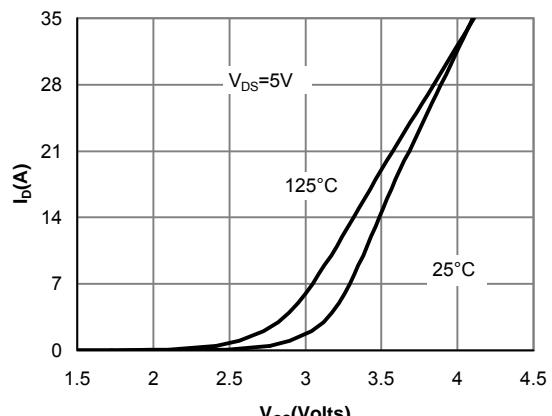


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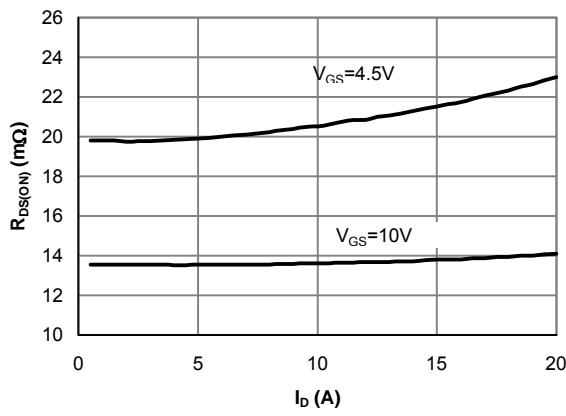


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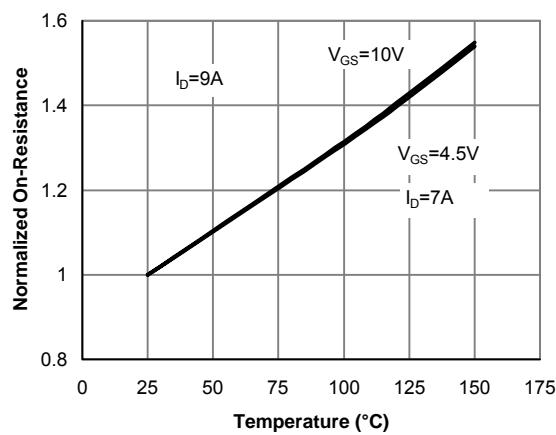


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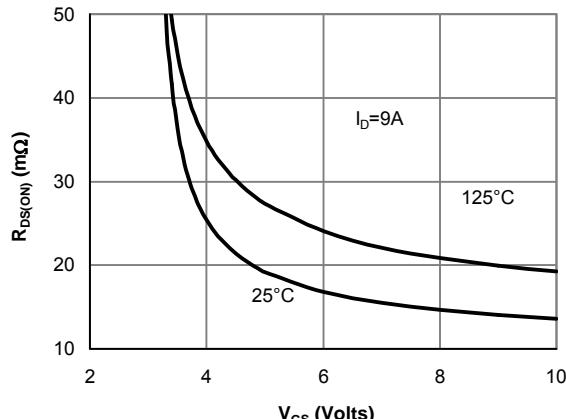


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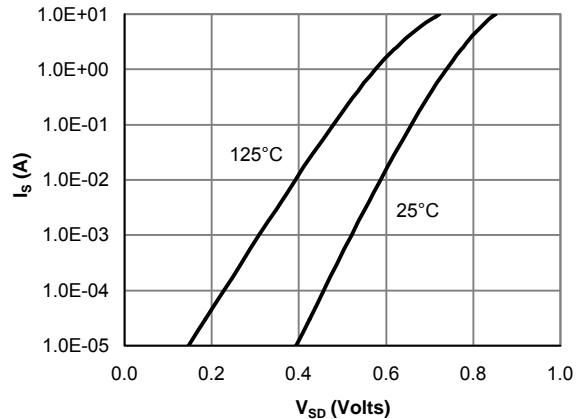


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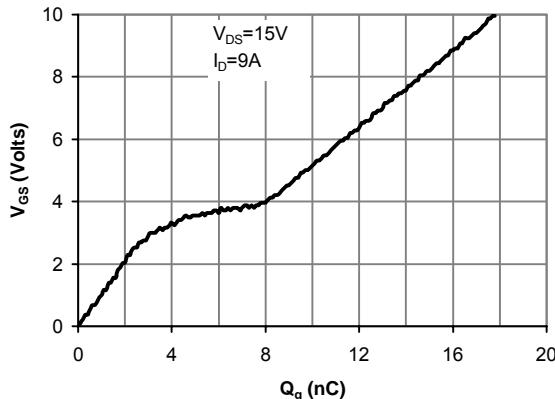
FET2 TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Figure 7: Gate-Charge Characteristics

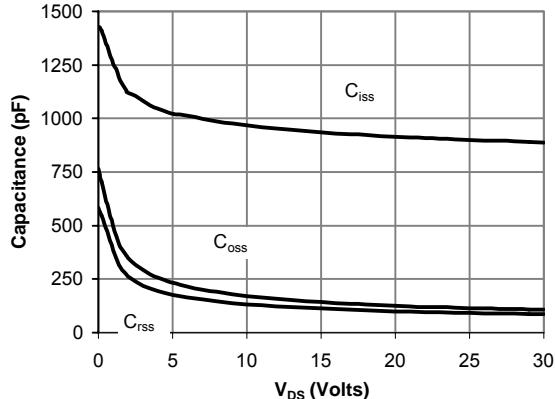


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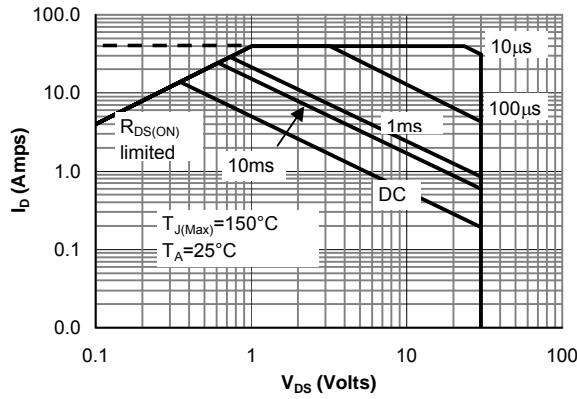


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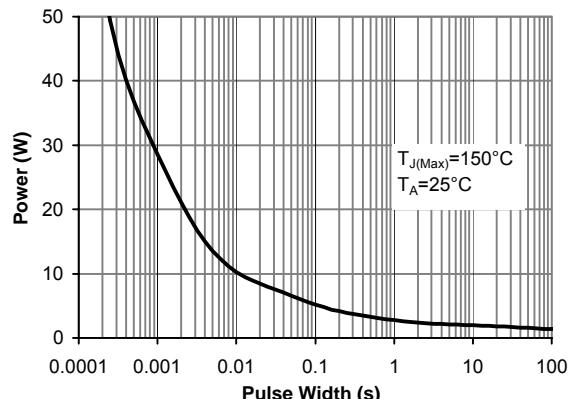


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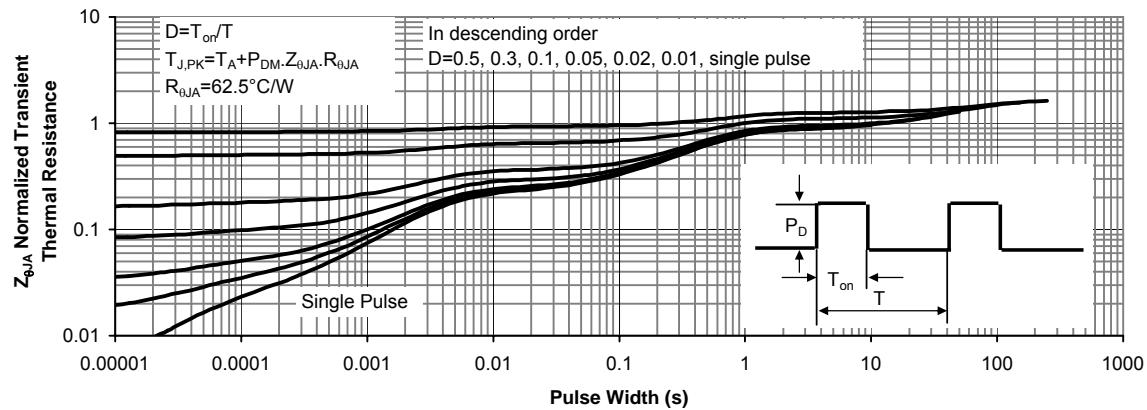


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