## DG — Two-point control, directly operated



S

The variable pump can be set to a minimum swivel angle by connecting an external control pressure to port X.

This will supply control fluid directly to the stroke piston; a minimum control pressure of p<sub>st</sub> ≥ 725 psi (50 bar) is required. •

The variable pump can only be switched between  $V_{g max} or V_{g min} \circ$ 

Please note, that the required control pressure at port X is directly dependent on the actual operating pressure pB in port B. (See control pressure characteristic).

Control pressure  $p_{st} = 0$  psi (0 bar) Control pressure p<sub>st</sub> ≥ 725 psi (50 bar)  $V_{g\ min}$ 

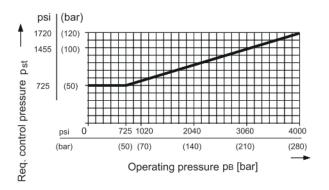
## Χ L В ٺ

Circuit diagram

₩Œ

L<sub>1</sub>

#### Control pressure characteristic



|        | Port for               |
|--------|------------------------|
| В      | Service line           |
| S      | Suction line           |
| L \ L1 | Case drain(L1 plugged) |
| X      | Pilot pressure         |

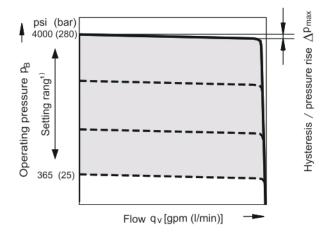
### DR — Pressure control



The pressure control limits the maximum pressure at the pump output within the pump control range. The variable pump only supplies as much hydraulic fluid as is required by the consumers. If the operating pressure exceeds the pressure setpoint set at the integrated pressure valve, the pump will adjust towards a smaller displacement and the control deviation will be reduced. The pressure can be set steplessly at the control valve.

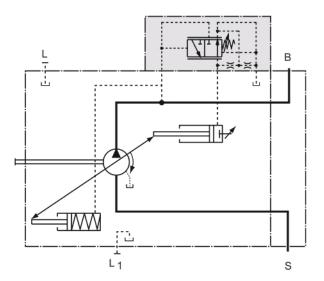
#### Static characteristic

(at n1 = 1800 rpm; t fluid = 122°F ( 50 °C)

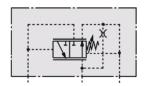


1) In order to prevent damage to the pump and the system, this setting range is the permissible setting range and must not be exceeded. The range of possible settings at the valve are greater.

#### Circuit diagram, sizes 18 to 100



#### Circuit diagram, size 140



|        | Port for               |
|--------|------------------------|
| В      | Service line           |
| S      | Suction line           |
| L \ L1 | Case drain(L1 plugged) |

#### Control data

Hysteresis and repeatability ∆p\_\_max.approx.3 bar

#### Pressure rise, maximum

| NG              | 18  | 28  | 45  | 71  | 100  | 140  |  |
|-----------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|--|
| ∆p psi          | 60  | 60  | 90  | 8   | 115  | 175  |  |
| ∆p psi<br>(bar) | (4) | (4) | (6) | (8) | (10) | (12) |  |

Contr. fluid consum\_\_\_max.approx.0.8 gpm (3 l/min) please following page A-8

## DRG — Pressure control, remotely operated



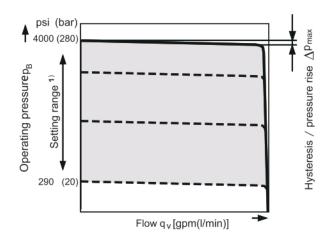
A pressuer relief valve can be externally piped to por X for remote setting of pressure below the setting of the DR control valve spool. This relief valve is not included in the delivery contents of the DRG control.

The differential pressure at the DRG control valve is set as standard to 290 psi (20 bar). This results in a pilot oil flow to the relief valve of approx.0.4 gpm (1.5 l/min) at port X.If another If another setting is reqired (range from 145 to 320 psi (10-22 bar)) please state in clear text.

The max.length of piping should not exceed 6.6 ft (2m).

#### Static characteristic

(at n1 = 1800 rpm; t fluid = 122°F (50 °C)

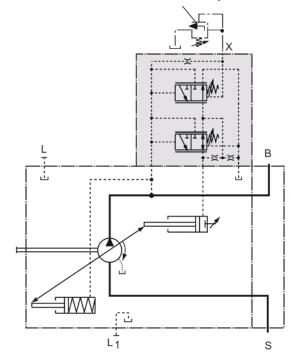


1) In order to prevent damage to the pump and the system, this setting range is the permissible setting range and must not be exceeded.

The range of possible settings at the valve are greater.

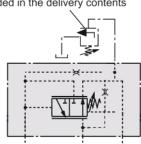
#### Circuit diagram, sizes 18 to 100

Not included in the delivery contents



#### Circuit diagram, size 140

Not included in the delivery contents



|     |                              | Port for               |
|-----|------------------------------|------------------------|
| В   |                              | Service line           |
| S   |                              | Suction line           |
| L、I | L1                           | Case drain(L1 plugged) |
| Χ   | NG 18 to 100 without adapter | Pilot pressure         |
| Χ   | NG 140<br>with adapter       | Pilot pressure         |

#### Control data

Hysteresis and repeatability ∆p\_max.approx. 45 psi (3 bar)

#### Pressure rise, maximum

| NG             | 18  | 28  | 45  | 71  | 100  | 140  |
|----------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|
| $\Delta p$ psi | 60  | 60  |     | 115 | 145  | 175  |
| (bar)          | (4) | (4) | (6) | (8) | (10) | (12) |

Contr. fluid consum max.approx. 1.2 gpm (4.5 l/min) please following page A-8

## DFR/DFR1 — Pressure and flow control



S

In addition to the pressure control function, the pump flow may be varied by means of a differential pressure over an adjustable orifice (e.g. directional valve)installed in the service line to the actuator. The pump flow is equal to the actual required flow by the actuator, regardless of changing pressure levels.

The pressure control overrides the flow control func-

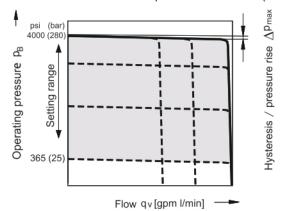
#### Note

The DFR1 version has no connection between X and the reservoir. Unloading the LS-pilot line must be possible in the valve system.

Because of the flushing function sufficient unloading of the X-line must also be provided.

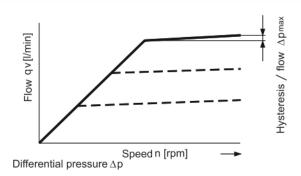
#### Static characteristic

Flow control at n1 = 1500 rpm; t fluid =  $122^{\circ}F(50^{\circ}C)$ 



1) In order to prevent damage to the pump and the system, this setting range is the permissible setting range and must not be exceeded. The range of possible settings at the valve are greater.

#### Static characteristic at variable speed



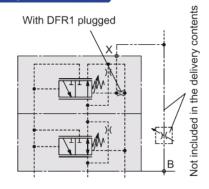
Standard setting: 200 to 320 psi (14 to 22 bar). If another setting is required, please state in clear text. Relieving the load on port X to the reservoir results in a zero stroke ("standby") pressure which lies about 15 to 30 psi (1 to 2 bar) higher than the differential pressure  $\Delta p$ . System influences are not taken into account.

# in the delivery contents With DFR1 plugged included В

Circuit diagram, sizes 18 to 100

#### Circuit diagram, size 140

∃WŴ



|        | Port for                           |
|--------|------------------------------------|
| В      | Service line                       |
| S      | Suction line                       |
| L \ L1 | Case drain(L <sub>1</sub> plugged) |
| X      | Pilot pressure                     |

#### Control data

Data for pressure control DR, plesee following page A-10. Maximum flow deviation measured at drive speed n = 1500 rpm.

| NG                        |  | 18 | 28 | 45 | 71 | 100 | 140 |
|---------------------------|--|----|----|----|----|-----|-----|
| $\Delta \mathbf{q}$ v max |  |    |    |    |    |     |     |
|                           |  |    |    |    |    |     |     |

Contr fluid consum. DFR \_ \_max.approx. 0.8 to 1.2 gpm (3 to 4.5 I/min) Contr fluid consum. DFR1 max.approx 0.8 gpm(3 l/min)

please following page A-8

## DFLR — Pressure, flow and power control

Maximum

 $\Delta q_{\,V}$ 

100

(see table

on page A-12)

power curve

Execution of the pressure control like, DR(G), please following page A-10(11).

Execution of the flow control like DFR,DFR1,please following page A-12.

In order to achieve a constant drive torque with varying operating pressures, the swivel angle and with it the output flow from the axial piston pump is varied so that the product of flow and pressure remains constant.

Flow control is possible below the power control curve.

Static curves and torque characteristic

Maximum

power curve

psi (bar) 4350 (300)

4000 (280)

3600 (250)

2900 (200)

2200 (150)

1450 (100)

(50)

(0)

725

0

Operating pressure PB

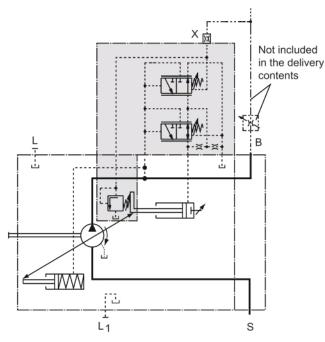
The power characteristic is set in the factory; when ordering, please state in clear text, e.g. 27HP (20 kW) at 1800 rpm

#### Control data

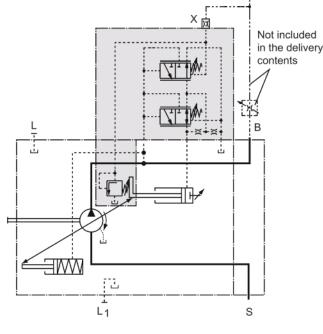
For pressure control DR data, please following page

For flow control DFR / DFR1 data, please following page A-12.

#### Circuit diagram, sizes 28 to 100



#### Circuit diagram, size 140

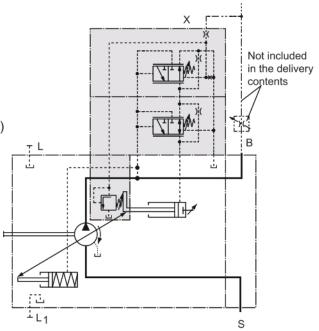


#### Control data

Beginning of control 735 psi (50 bar) Control fluid consumption\_max.approx. 1.45 gpm (5.5 l/min) please following page A-8

Volume flow q∨ [%]

|        | Port for                |
|--------|-------------------------|
| В      | Service line            |
| S      | Suction line            |
| L \ L1 | Case drain (L1 plugged) |
| Χ      | Pilot pressure          |



## ED — Electro-hydraulic pressure control



The ED valve is set to a certain pressure by a specified, variable solenoid current.

If there is a change at the consumer (load pressure), the position of the control piston changes. This causes an increase or decrease in the pump swivel angle(flow) in order to maintain the electrically set pressure level.

The pump thus only delivers as much hydraulic fluid as the consumers can take. The desired pressure level can be set steplessly by varying the solenoid current.

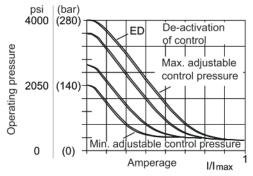
When the solenoid current signal drops towards a zero value the maximum output pressure is limited to p<sub>max</sub> by an adjustable hydraulic pressure cut-off (secure fail safe function in case of a loss of power e.g. for use as fan drives).

The response time characteristic of the ED-control was optimized for the use as a fan drive system.

When ordering state the type of application in clear

#### Static current-pressure characteristic ED

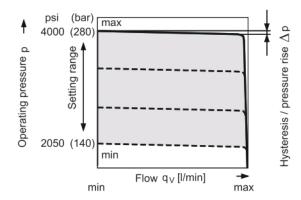
(measured at pump in zero stroke - negative characteristic)



Hysteresis static current-press. characteristic < 45 psi 3 bar

#### Static flow-pressure characteristic

(at n1 = 1800 rpm; tfluid =  $122^{\circ}F$  (50 °C))

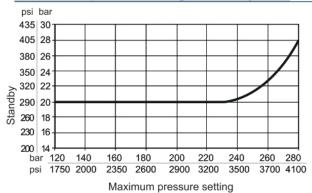


#### Control data

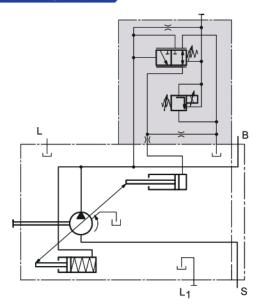
Stand-by standard setting 290 psi (20 bar), other values on request.

Hysteresis and pressure rise\_\_\_∆p < 60 psi (4 bar) Control fluid consumption\_\_\_0.8 to 1.2 gpm(3 to 4.5 l/min)

#### Influence of pressure setting on standby level



#### Circuit diagram ED.



|        | Port for                |
|--------|-------------------------|
| В      | Service line            |
| S      | Suction line            |
| L \ L1 | Case drain (L1 plugged) |

| Technical data, solenoid             | ED71             | ED72             |
|--------------------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Voltage                              | 12 V(±20 %)      | 24 V(±20%)       |
| Control current                      |                  |                  |
| Control begin at q <sub>v min</sub>  | 100 mA           | 50 mA            |
| End of control at q <sub>v max</sub> | 1200 mA          | 600 mA           |
| Limiting current                     | 1.54 A           | 0.77 A           |
| Nominal resistance (at 68°F (20°C))  | 5.5 Ω            | 22.7 Ω           |
| Dither frequency                     | 100 to<br>200 Hz | 100 to<br>200 Hz |
| Actuated time                        | 100 %            | 100 %            |

For type of protection, Please contact YEOSHE. For dectails on the control eletronics, following page A-15.

Operating temperature range at valve -4°F to 239°F (-20 °C to +115 °C)

## ER — Electro-hydraulic pressure control



The ER valve is set to a specific pressure by a specified, variable solenoid current.

If there is a change at the consumer (load pressure), the position of the control piston changes.

This causes an increase or decrease in the pump swivel angle (flow) in order to maintain the electrically set pressure level.

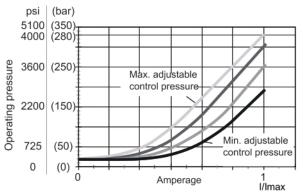
The pump thus only delivers as much hydraulic fluid as the consumers can take. The desired pressure level can be set steplessly by varying the solenoid current.

If the solenoid current drops to zero, the pressure is limited to pmin (stand-by).

Observe the project planning note on page A-1.

#### Static current-pressure characteristic ER

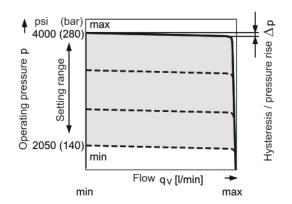
(measured at pump in zero stroke – positive characteristic)



Hysteresis static current-press. characteristic < 45 psi (3 bar) Influence of pressure setting on stand-by ±30 psi (±2 bar)

#### Static flow-pressure characteristic

(at n= 1800 rpm; tfluid = 122°F (50 °C))

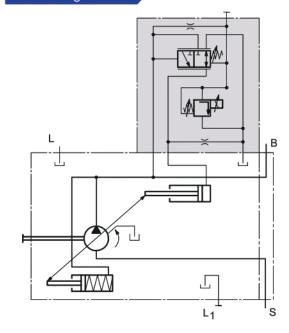


#### Control data

Standby standard setting 290 psi (20 bar), other values on request.

Hysteresis and pressure increase ∆p < 60 psi (4 bar) Control fluid consumption\_0.8 to 1.2 gpm (3 to 4.5 l/min)

#### Circuit diagram ER.



|        | Port for                |
|--------|-------------------------|
| В      | Service line            |
| S      | Suction line            |
| L \ L1 | Case drain (L1 plugged) |

| Technical data, solenoid                       | ER71             | ER72             |  |
|--|------------------|------------------|--|
| Voltage  | 12 V(±20 %)      | 24 V(±20 %)      |  |
| Control current                                |                  |                  |  |
| Control begin at q <sub>v min</sub>            | 100 mA           | 50 mA            |  |
| End of control at q <sub>v max</sub>           | 1200 mA          | 600 mA           |  |
| Limiting current                               | 1.54 A           | 0.77 A           |  |
| Nominal resistance 20°C                        | 5.5 Ω            | 22.7 Ω           |  |
| Dither frequency                               | 100 to<br>200 Hz | 100 to<br>200 Hz |  |
| Actuated time                                  | 100 %            | 100 %            |  |
| For type of protection, Please contact YEOSHE. |                  |                  |  |

Operating temperature range at valve -4°F to 239°F (-20 °C to +115 °C)

The following electric controllers and amplifiers are available for controlling the proportional solenoids

- 1) Power outlets for 2 valves, can be actuated separately
- 2) Only 24V nominal voltage