



### **Highlights & Features**

- Universal AC input voltage range
- Built-in constant current circuit for reactive loads
- Up to 88.0% efficiency
- Full power from -10°C to +50°C operation at 230Vac @ 5000 meters or 16400 feet altitude
- Built-in DC OK relay contact option available
- Compliance to SEMI F47 @ 200Vac
- Conformal coating on PCBAs to protect against common dust and chemical pollutants

#### **Safety Standards**



CB Certified for worldwide use

Model Number: Unit Weight: **Dimensions (L x W x D):** 123.6 x 40 x 117.6 mm

DRL-24V120W1A 0.54 kg (1.19 lb) (4.86 x 1.57 x 4.62 inch)

#### \*This picture is for reference to DRL-24V120W series only.

#### **General Description**

Delta's Lyte DIN Rail Power Supply series is designed for cost sensitive users who need to fulfill essential features needed for many general industrial applications, without compromising on quality and reliability. The convection-cooled Lyte series will operate between -20°C to +70°C, with full rated power available from -10°C to +50°C at 230Vac. The overcurrent protection is designed to operate in constant current mode, which makes the Lyte series suitable for inductive and capacitive load applications. The product is certified according to safety standards IEC/EN/UL 60950-1 for Information Technology Equipment (ITE) and UL 508 for Industrial Control Equipment (ICE). Electromagnetic radiated and conducted emissions are compliant to EN 55032, Class B; and, the product is fully compliant for environmental protection requirements per RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU.

#### **Model Information**

#### LYTE DIN Rail Power Supply

| Model Number  | Model Number Input Voltage Range |       | Rated Output Current |  |
|---------------|----------------------------------|-------|----------------------|--|
| DRL-24V120W1A | 85-264Vac (120-375Vdc)           | 24Vdc | 5.00A                |  |

#### **Model Numbering**

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| DR       | L –                             | 24V            | 120W         | 1            | Α                 |   |
|----------|---------------------------------|----------------|--------------|--------------|-------------------|---|
| DIN Rail | Product Type<br>L – LYTE Series | Output Voltage | Output Power | Single Phase | Delta<br>Standard | A – Without DC OK Contact<br>S – With DC OK Relay Contact |



## **Specifications**

## Input Ratings / Characteristics

| Nominal Input Voltage                   |  | 100-240Vac                             |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| Input Voltage Range                     |  | 85-264Vac                              |  |  |
| Nominal Input Frequency                 |  | 50-60Hz                                |  |  |
| Input Frequency Range                   |  | 47-63Hz                                |  |  |
| DC Input Voltage Range*                 |  | 120-375Vdc                             |  |  |
| Input Current                           |  | 2.2A typ. @ 115Vac, 1.2A typ. @ 230Vac |  |  |
| Efficiency at 100% Load                 |  | 85% typ. @ 115Vac, 88% typ. @ 230Vac   |  |  |
| Max Power Dissipation 0% load 100% load |  |  |  |  |
| Max Inrush Current (Cold Start)         |  | 20A typ. @ 115Vac, 40A typ. @ 230Vac   |  |  |
| Leakage Current                         |  | < 0.25mA @ 264Vac                      |  |  |

\*Fulfills test conditions for DC input. Safety approval for DC input can be obtained upon request.

## Output Ratings / Characteristics\*\*

| Nominal Output Voltage                                   |                     | 24Vdc  |  |  |
|--|---------------------|--|--|--|
| Factory Set Point Tolerance                              |                     | 24Vdc ± 2%   |  |  |
| Output Voltage Adjustment Range                          |                     | 22-28Vdc   |  |  |
| Output Current   |                     | 5.00A (120W max.)  |  |  |
| Output Power   |                     | 120W   |  |  |
| Line Regulation  |                     | < 0.5% (@ 85-264Vac, 100% load)  |  |  |
| Load Regulation  |                     | < 1% (0-100% load)   |  |  |
| PARD*** (20MHz)  |                     | < 120mVpp @ > -10°C to +70°C<br>< 240mVpp @ ≤ -10°C to -20°C   |  |  |
| Rise Time  |                     | 30ms typ. @ nominal input (100% load)  |  |  |
| Start-up Time  |                     | 200ms typ. @ 115Vac & 230Vac (100% load)   |  |  |
| Hold-up Time   |                     | 20ms typ. @ 115Vac (100% load)<br>90ms typ. @ 230Vac (100% load)   |  |  |
| Dynamic Response<br>(Overshoot & Undershoot O/P Voltage) |                     | ± 10% @ 85-264Vac input, 0-100% load<br>(Slew Rate: 0.1A/μs)   |  |  |
| Start-up with Capacitive Loads                           |                     | 8,000µF Max  |  |  |
| Functional   | DC OK Relay Contact | Rated: 30V at 1A<br>The relay contact are normally "ON" (closed) when the output<br>(Vout) is greater than 90% of its rated value. |  |  |

\*\*For power de-rating from -10°C to -20°C, and 40°C to 70°C @ 115Vac & 50°C to 70°C @ 230Vac, and Vin < 100Vac, see power de-rating on page 3. \*\*\*PARD is measured with an AC coupling mode, 5cm wires, and in parallel with 0.1μF ceramic capacitor & 47μF electrolytic capacitor.



### Mechanical

| Case Cover / Chassis              |        | SGCC / Aluminium                                   |  |  |
|-----------------------------------|--------|--|--|--|
| Dimensions (L x W x D)            |        | 123.6 x 40 x 117.6 mm (4.86 x 1.57 x 4.62 inch)    |  |  |
| Unit Weight                       |        | 0.54 kg (1.19 lb)                                  |  |  |
| Indicator                         |        | Green LED (DC OK)                                  |  |  |
| Cooling System                    |        | Convection   |  |  |
| Terminal                          | Input  | 3 Pins (Rated 600V/35A)                            |  |  |
|                                   | Output | <b>DRL-24V120W1AA:</b><br>4 Pins (Rated 300V/28A)  | DRL-24V120W1AS:<br>6 Pins (Rated 300V/28A) |  |
| Wire                              | Input  | AWG 18-8   |  |  |
|                                   | Output | AWG 24-12  |  |  |
| Mounting Rail                     |        | Standard TS35 DIN Rail in accordance with EN 60715 |  |  |
| Noise (1 Meter from power supply) |        | Sound Pressure Level (SPL) < 25dBA                 |  |  |

## Environment

| Surrounding Air Temperature | Operating     | -20°C to +70°C   |
|-----------------------------|---------------|--|
|                             | Storage       | -40°C to +85°C   |
| Power De-rating             |               | -10°C to -20°C de-rate power by 2%/°C<br>> 40°C de-rate power by 1.67% / °C @ 115Vac<br>> 50°C de-rate power by 2.5% / °C @ 230Vac<br>< 100Vac de-rate power by 1% / Vac |
| Operating Humidity          |               | 5 to 95% RH (Non-Condensing)   |
| Operating Altitude          |               | 0 to 5,000 Meters (16,400 ft.) for ITE application<br>0 to 2,000 Meters (6,560 ft.) for ICE application  |
| Shock Test                  | Non-Operating | IEC 60068-2-27, 27, Half Sine Wave: 50G for duration of 11ms; 3 times per direction, 9 times in total  |
|                             | Operating     | IEC 60068-2-27, 27, Half Sine Wave: 10G for duration of 11ms; 1 time in X axis   |
| Vibration                   | Non-Operating | IEC 60068-2-6, Random: 5Hz to 500Hz; 2.09Grms;<br>20 min per axis for all X, Y, Z directions   |
|                             | Operating     | IEC 60068-2-6, Sine Wave: 10Hz to 500Hz @ 19.6m/s <sup>2</sup> (2G peak); displacement of 0.35mm; 10 min per cycle, 60 min for X direction                               |
| Pollution Degree            |               | 2  |

### Protections

| Overvoltage              | 28.8V-35.2V, SELV Output, Latch Mode                                   |
|--------------------------|--|
| Overload / Overcurrent   | 105-150% of rated load current, Continuous current                     |
| Over Temperature         | Latch Mode   |
| Short Circuit            | Hiccup Mode, Non-Latching<br>(Auto-Recovery when the fault is removed) |
| Internal Fuse            | T4A / 250V   |
| Degree of Protection     | IP20   |
| Protection Against Shock | Class I with PE* connection  |

\*PE: Primary Earth



## **Reliability Data**

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| MTBF                   | Telcordia SR-332 | > 700,000 hrs                               | I/P: 100Vac, O/P: 100% load, Ta: 25°C |  |
|------------------------|------------------|---|---------------------------------------|--|
| Expected Cap Life Time |                  | 10 years (115Vac & 230Vac, 50% load @ 40°C) |                                       |  |

## Safety Standards / Directives

| Safety Entry Low Voltage                   |                   | SELV (EN 60950-1)   |  |  |
|--|-------------------|---|--|--|
| Electrical Safety                          | TUV Bauart        | EN 60950-1  |  |  |
|  | UL/cUL recognized | UL 60950-1 and CSA C22.2 No. 60950-1 (File No. E131881)                           |  |  |
|  | CCC               | GB4943.1  |  |  |
|  | CB scheme         | IEC 60950-1   |  |  |
| Industrial Control Equipment UL/cUL listed |                   | UL 508 and CSA C22.2 No. 107.1-01 (File No. E338991)                              |  |  |
| CE   |                   | In conformance with EMC Directive 2014/30/EU and Low Voltage Directive 2014/35/EU |  |  |
| Material and Parts                         |                   | RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU Compliant   |  |  |
| Galvanic Isolation                         | Input to Output   | 3.0KVac   |  |  |
|  | Input to Ground   | 2.0KVac   |  |  |
|  | Output to Ground  | 0.5KVac   |  |  |



## EMC

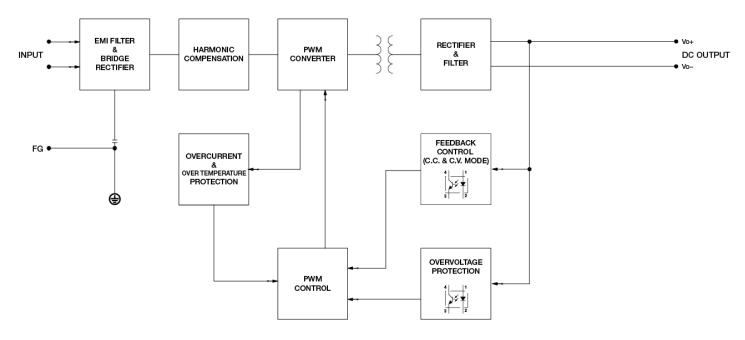
| Emissions (CE & RE)                     | Generic Standards: EN 61000-6-3, EN 61000-6-4<br>CISPR 32, EN 55032, EN 55011, FCC Title 47: Class B;<br>GB9254.1 |   |              |                   |  |
|---|---|---|--------------|-------------------|--|
| Component Power Supply for General Use  | EN 61204-3  |   |              |                   |  |
| Immunity                                | Generic Standards:  | EN 61000-   | -6-1, EN 610 | 000-6-2, EN 55024 |  |
| Electrostatic Discharge                 | IEC 61000-4-2   | Level 4 Criteria A <sup>1)</sup><br>Air Discharge: 15kV<br>Contact Discharge: 8kV   |              |                   |  |
| Radiated Field                          | IEC 61000-4-3   | Level 3 Criteria A <sup>1)</sup><br>80MHz-1GHz, 10V/M with 1kHz tone / 80% modulation<br>1.4GHz-2GHz, 3V/M with 1kHz tone / 80% modulation<br>2GHz-2.7GHz, 1V/M with 1kHz tone / 80% modulation   |              |                   |  |
| Electrical Fast Transient / Burst       | IEC 61000-4-4   | Level 3 Criteria A <sup>1)</sup><br>2kV   |              |                   |  |
| Surge                                   | IEC 61000-4-5   | Level 4 Criteria A <sup>1)</sup><br>Common Mode <sup>3)</sup> : 4kV<br>Differential Mode <sup>4)</sup> : 2kV  |              |                   |  |
| Conducted                               | IEC 61000-4-6   | Level 3 Criteria A <sup>1)</sup><br>150kHz-80MHz, 10Vrms  |              |                   |  |
| Power Frequency Magnetic Fields         | IEC 61000-4-8   | Level 4 Criteria A <sup>1)</sup><br>30A/m   |              |                   |  |
| Voltage Dips and Interruptions          | IEC 61000-4-11  | 0% of 100Vac, 20ms   Criteria $A^{1}$ 40% of 100Vac, 200ms   Criteria $B^{2}$ 70% of 100Vac, 500ms   Criteria $A^{1}$ 0% of 100Vac, 500ms   Criteria $B^{2}$ 0% of 2400Vac, 20ms   Criteria $A^{1}$ 40% of 240Vac, 20ms   Criteria $A^{1}$ 70% of 240Vac, 200ms   Criteria $A^{1}$ 70% of 240Vac, 500ms   Criteria $A^{1}$ 70% of 240Vac, 500ms   Criteria $A^{1}$ 0% of 240Vac, 500ms   Criteria $B^{2}$ |              | )<br>)<br>)<br>)  |  |
| Low Energy Pulse Test (Ring Wave)       | IEC 61000-4-12  | Level 3 Criteria A <sup>1)</sup><br>Common Mode <sup>3)</sup> : 2kV<br>Differential Mode <sup>4)</sup> : 1kV  |              |                   |  |
| Harmonic Current Emission               | IEC/EN 61000-3-2, Class A; GB17625.1  |   |              |                   |  |
| Voltage Fluctuation and Flicker         |   | IEC/EN 61000-3-3  |              |                   |  |
| Voltage Sag Immunity<br>SEMI F47 - 0706 |   | 70% of 200Vac 140Vac, 500ms Criteria A <sup>1</sup>   |              |                   | Criteria A <sup>1)</sup><br>Criteria A <sup>1)</sup><br>Criteria A <sup>1)</sup> |

Criteria A: Normal performance within the specification limits
Criteria B: Temporary degradation or loss of function which is self-recoverable
Asymmetrical: Common mode (Line to earth)
Symmetrical: Differential mode (Line to line)



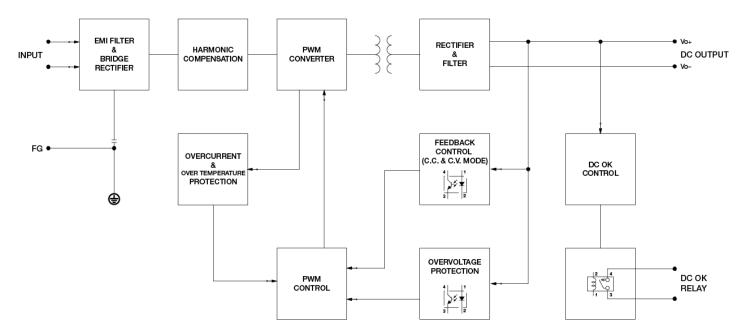
## **Block Diagram**

DRL-24V120W1AA



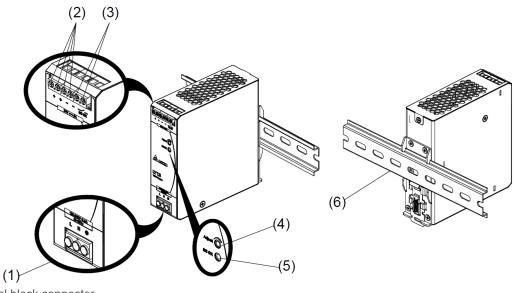
**DRL-24V120W1AS** 

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## **Device Description**



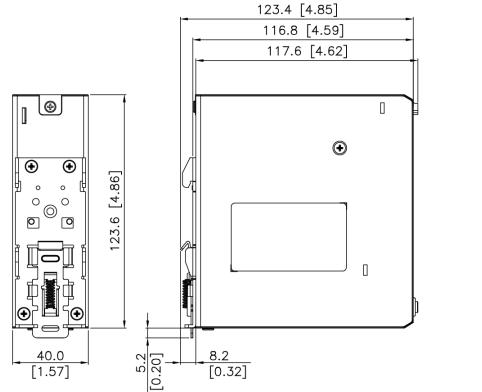
- 1) Input terminal block connector
- 2) Output terminal block connector
- 3) DC OK relay contact (for DRL-24V120W1AS only)
- 4) DC voltage adjustment potentiometer
- 5) DC OK LED (Green)
- 6) Universal mounting rail system

### **Dimensions**

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L x W x D: 123.6 x 40 x 117.6 mm (4.86 x 1.57 x 4.62 inch)

### DRL-24V120W1AA



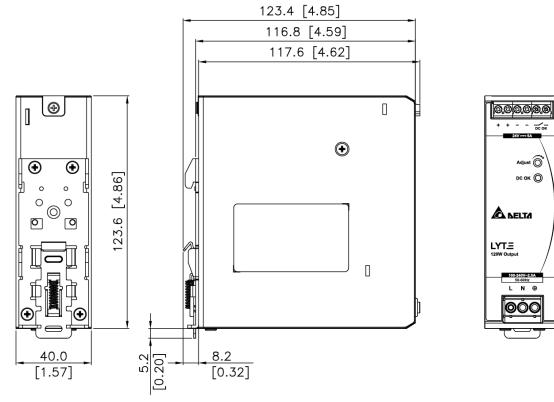




L x W x D: 123.6 x 40 x 117.6 mm (4.86 x 1.57 x 4.62 inch)

### DRL-24V120W1AS

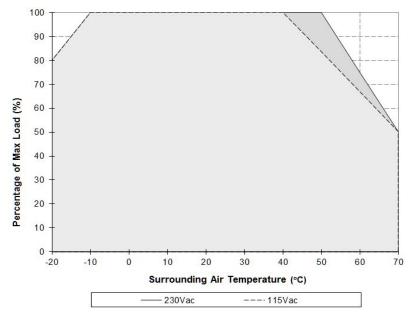
8





## **Engineering Data**

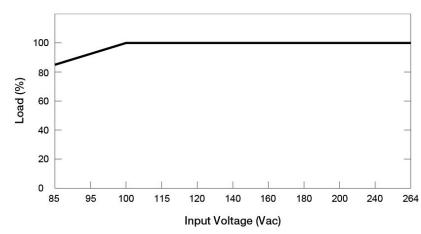
## Output Load De-rating VS Surrounding Air Temperature



#### **De-rating for Vertical Mounting Orientation** Fig. 1 -10°C to -20°C de-rate power by 2%/°C > 40°C de-rate power by 1.67% / °C @ 115Vac > 50°C de-rate power by 2.5% / °C @ 230Vac

## Output Load De-rating VS Input Voltage

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### Note

- Power supply components may degrade, or 1. be damaged, when the power supply is continuously used outside the shaded region, refer to the graph shown in Fig. 1.
- 2. If the output capacity is not reduced when the surrounding air temperature exceeds its specification as defined on Page 3 under "Environment", the device will run into Over Temperature Protection. When activated, the output voltage will go into bouncing mode and will recover when the surrounding air temperature is lowered or the load is reduced as far as necessary to keep the device in working condition.
- 3. In order for the device to function in the manner intended, it is also necessary to keep a safety distance as recommended in the safety instructions while the device is in operation.
- Depending the surrounding 4. on air temperature and output load delivered by the power supply, the device can be very hot!
- 5. If the device has to be mounted in any other please orientation, contact info@deltapsu.com for more details.
  - No output power de-rating for the input voltage from 100Vac to 264Vac

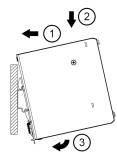


## **Assembly & Installation**

The power supply unit (PSU) can be mounted on 35mm DIN rails in accordance with EN 60715. The device should be installed with input terminal block at the bottom.

Each device is delivered ready to install.

#### Mounting





#### Fig. 2.1 Mounting

Snap on the DIN rail as shown in Fig. 2.1:

- 1. Tilt the unit upwards and insert it onto the DIN rail.
- 2. Push downwards until stopped.
- 3. Press against the bottom front side for locking.
- 4. Shake the unit slightly to ensure that it is secured.

### Dismounting

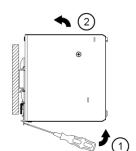




Fig. 2.2 Dismounting

To uninstall, pull or slide down the latch with screw driver as shown in Fig. 2.2. Then slide the power supply unit (PSU) in the opposite direction, release the latch and pull out the power supply unit (PSU) from the rail.

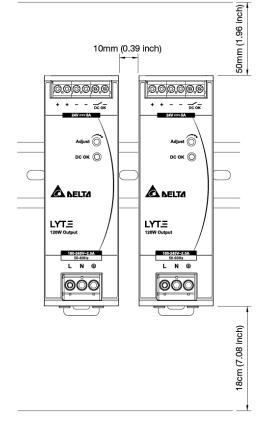
In accordance to EN 60950 / UL 60950, flexible cables require ferrules.

Use appropriate copper cables designed to sustain operating temperature of at least 60°C / 75°C or more to fulfill UL requirements.



## Safety Instructions

Vertical Mounting

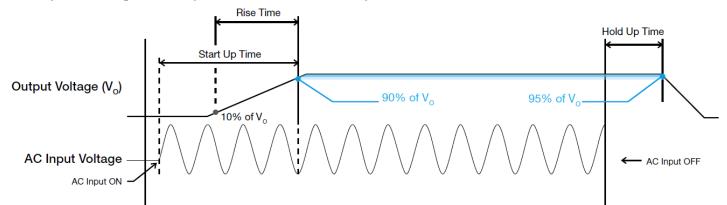


- ALWAYS switch mains of input power OFF before connecting and disconnecting the input voltage to the unit. If mains are not turned OFF, there is risk of explosion / severe damage.
- To guarantee sufficient convection cooling, keep a distance of 50mm (1.96 inch) above and 18cm (7.08 inch) below the device as well as a lateral distance of 10mm (0.39 inch) to other units.
- Note that the enclosure of the device can become very hot depending on the surrounding air temperature and load of the power supply. Risk of burns!
- The main power must be turned off before connecting or disconnecting wires to the terminals.
- DO NOT insert any objects into the unit.
- Hazardous voltages may be present for up to 5 minutes after the input mains voltage is disconnected. Do not touch the unit during this time.
- The power supplies are built in units and must be installed in a cabinet or room (condensation free environment and indoor location) that is relatively free of conductive contaminants.



### **Functions**

Graph illustrating the Start-up Time, Rise Time, and Hold-up Time



### Start-up Time

The time required for the output voltage to reach 90% of its final steady state set value, after the input voltage is applied.

## **Rise Time**

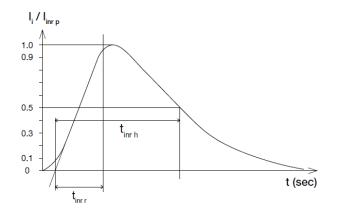
The time required for the output voltage to change from 10% to 90% of its final steady state set value.

### Hold-up Time

Time between the collapse of the AC input voltage, and the output falling to 95% of its steady state set value.

#### Inrush Current

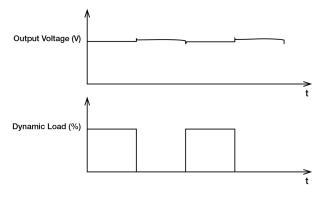
Inrush current is the peak, instantaneous, input current measured and, occurs when the input voltage is first applied. For AC input voltages, the maximum peak value of inrush current will occur during the first half cycle of the applied AC voltage. This peak value decreases exponentially during subsequent cycles of AC voltage.



## **Dynamic Response**

The power supply output voltage will remains within  $\pm 10\%$  of its steady state value, when subjected to a dynamic load from 0% to 100% of its rated current.

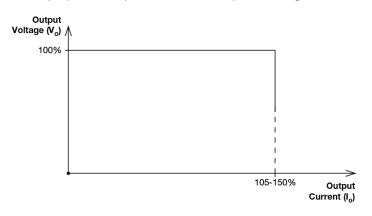
■ 50% duty cycle / 5Hz to 100Hz





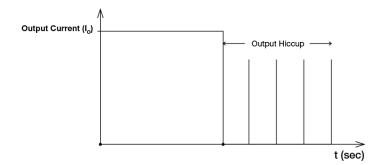
### **Overload & Overcurrent Protections (Continuous Current)**

The power supply's Overload (OLP) and Overcurrent (OCP) Protections will be activated when output current is  $105\sim150\%$  of I<sub>0</sub> (Max load). Upon such an occurrence, the V<sub>0</sub> (output voltage) will start to droop. Once the power supply has reached its maximum power limit, the protection will be activated; and, the power supply will operate in continuous current. The power supply will recover once the cause of OLP or OCP is removed, and I<sub>0</sub> (output current) is back within the specified range.



## Short Circuit Protection (Auto-Recovery)

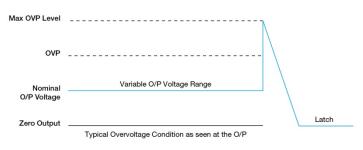
The power supply's output Short Circuit Protection function also provides protection against short circuits. When a short circuit is applied, the output current will operate in "Hiccup mode". The power supply will return to normal operation after the short circuit is removed.



#### Overvoltage Protection (Latch Mode)

The power supply's overvoltage circuit will be activated when its internal feedback circuit fails. The output voltage shall not exceed its specifications as described in "Protections" section. Power supply will latch off, and require removal/re-application of input AC voltage in order to restart.

The power supply should be latch.



## Over Temperature Protection (Latch Mode)

As described in load de-rating section, the power supply also has Over Temperature Protection (OTP). In the event of a higher operating temperature at 100% load; or, when the operating temperature is beyond what is recommended in the de-rating graph, the OTP circuit will be activated. When activated, power supply will latch off, until the surrounding air temperature drops to its normal operating temperature or the load is reduced as recommended in the de-rating graph. Removal/re-application of input AC voltage will then be required in order to restart.



### **Operating Mode**

#### Redundant Operation

In order to ensure proper redundant operation for the power supply units (PSUs), the output voltage difference between the two units must be kept at 0.45~0.50V for these 24V supplies. Follow simple steps given below to set them up for the redundant operation:

#### Step 1.

Measure output voltage of PSU 1 and PSU 2. If PSU 1 is the master unit, then V<sub>0</sub> of PSU 1 must be higher than PSU 2. In order to set the output voltage, individually connect each power supply to 50% of rated load at any line voltage from 85-264Vac, and set the PSU 1 and PSU 2 output voltage.

#### Step 2.

Connect the power supply units PSU 1 and PSU 2 to V<sub>in</sub> 1 & V<sub>in</sub> 2, respectively, of the DRR-20N (or 20A) module shown on the right of above diagram.

#### Step 3.

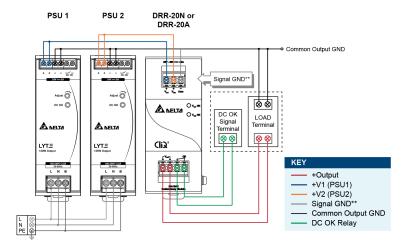
Connect the system load to  $V_{out}$ . Please note that output voltage  $V_{out}$  from DRR module will be =  $V_0$  (output voltage of power supply) –  $V_{drop}^*$  (in DRR module).

 $^{*}\text{Vdrop}$  will vary from 0.60V to 0.90V (Typical 0.65V) depending on the load current and surrounding air temperature.

#### Parallel Operation

The power supply units (PSUs) can also be used for parallel operation in order to increase the output power. The difference in output voltage between the two units must be kept to within 25mV of each other. This difference must be verified with the same output load connected independently to each unit.

Parameters such as EMI, inrush current, leakage current, PARD, start up time will be different from those on the datasheet, when two units are connected in parallel. The user will need to verify that any differences will still allow the two power supplies connected in parallel will work properly in their product/application.



\*\*The Signal GND in the DRR module is for the built-in LED and DC OK signals. The Output GND terminals from the two PSU's do not need to be connected to the Signal GND terminal.

#### Fig. 3 Redundant Operation Connection Diagram

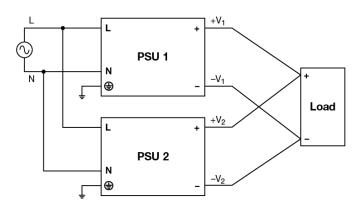


Fig. 4 Parallel Operation Connection Diagram



## Others

#### **Delta RoHS Compliant**



#### Restriction of the usage of hazardous substances

The European directive 2011/65/EU limits the maximum impurity level of homogeneous materials such as lead, mercury, cadmium, chrome, polybrominated flame retardants PBB and PBDE for the use in electrical and electronic equipment. RoHS is the abbreviation for "Restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment".

This product conforms to this standard.

### **Conformal Coating**



## The Protective Coating Technology

Delta Electronics Group has designed the perfect dipping technique which penetrates everywhere including under device, and prevents leakage. The conformal coating dipping can be applied to PCBAs or circuit board. The coating preserves the performance of precision electronic primarily by preventing ionizable contaminants such as salt from reaching circuit nodes, where the material slumps around sharp edges. This can be a problem especially in highly conversing atmosphere.

### PFC - Norm EN 61000-3-2

#### Line Current Harmonic content



Typically, the input current waveform is not sinusoidal due to the periodical peak charging of the input capacitor. In industrial environment, complying with EN 61000-3-2 is only necessary under special conditions. Complying to this standard can have some technical drawbacks, such as lower efficiency as well as some commercial aspects such as higher purchasing costs. Frequently, the user does not profit from fulfilling this standard, therefore, it is important to know whether it is mandatory to meet this standard for a specific application.

#### Attention

Delta provides all information in the datasheets on an "AS IS" basis and does not offer any kind of warranty through the information for using the product. In the event of any discrepancy between the information in the catalog and datasheets, the datasheets shall prevail (please refer to **www.DeltaPSU.com** for the latest datasheets information). Delta shall have no liability of indemnification for any claim or action arising from any error for the provided information in the datasheets. Customer shall take its responsibility for evaluation of using the product before placing an order with Delta.

Delta reserves the right to make changes to the information described in the datasheets without notice.

